



Cal OES

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

CDA A 2023-08

Happy Camp Complex Fires

Applicants' Briefing



Siskiyou News/Jay A. Martin

Authorities

- California Government Code,
Chapter 7.5 Disaster Assistance Act
- California Code of Regulations,
Title 19, Division 2, Chapter 6
California Disaster Assistance Act

Request for State Assistance



Gubernatorial Authorization

- Issued by the Governor
- Emergency work and permanent work are eligible
- Cost share is 75% state and 25% local

Happy Camp Complex Fires (CDAA-2023-08)

Incident Period:

August 16, 2023 – October 31, 2023





Governor's Proclamations of a State Of Emergency (SOE)

Date SOE Proclaimed	Counties listed on SOE	Link to SOE on www.Gov.ca.gov
August 29, 2023	Siskiyou	082923 Fires SOE

Search Proclamations on the Governor's Office website
<https://www.gov.ca.gov/category/proclamations/>

State Of Emergency (SOE) Termination



- **Applicants Must:**
 - Review the provisions and orders on the related SOEs
 - Determine **which provisions** are being used by their jurisdiction and **how long** they will need them for
 - Notify Cal OES what they determined
- Termination of SOEs will not jeopardize funding for approved Public Assistance projects



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CDA A Overview

(Governor's Proclamation)

CDAA Application Process

- Applications due by:
Friday, April 12, 2024
- Can be turned in today, via e-mail to DisasterRecovery@caloes.ca.gov, or via USPS to:

Robert Larsen, Public Assistance Officer
CA Governor's Office of Emergency Services
3650 Schriever Avenue
Mather, CA 95655
ATTN: CDAA-2023-08

CDAA Application Process (continued)

Required Forms:

- Project Application Form (OES-PA-126)
- List of Projects (LOP) Form (OES-PA-95)
- Designation of Authorized Agent Form*
(OES-FPD-130)

*For questions, contact Financial Processing Division (FPD)
at: RecoveryPayments@caloes.ca.gov

Applicant Eligibility

- Cities
- Counties
- County Offices of Education
- Community College Districts
- School Districts
- Special Districts
- Certain private non-profit organizations may be reimbursed for essential community service activities, if requested by a State or local government
- State agencies and Tribal Governments are not eligible

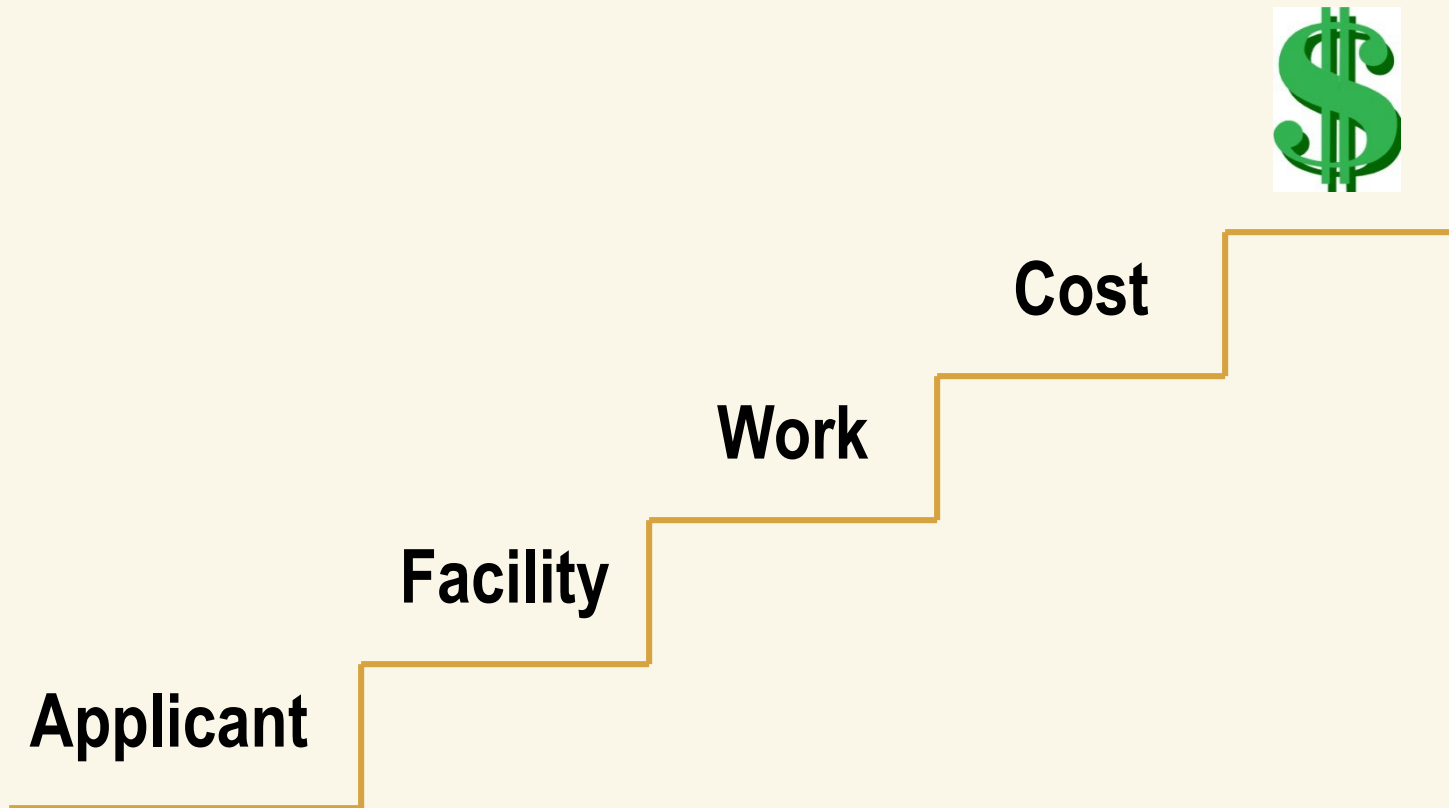


CDAA Funding

The State shall make no allocation for any project application resulting in a State-share of less than two thousand five-hundred dollars (\$2,500), in accordance with Title 19 section 2970(e).



Steps to Determining Eligibility



Project Formulation

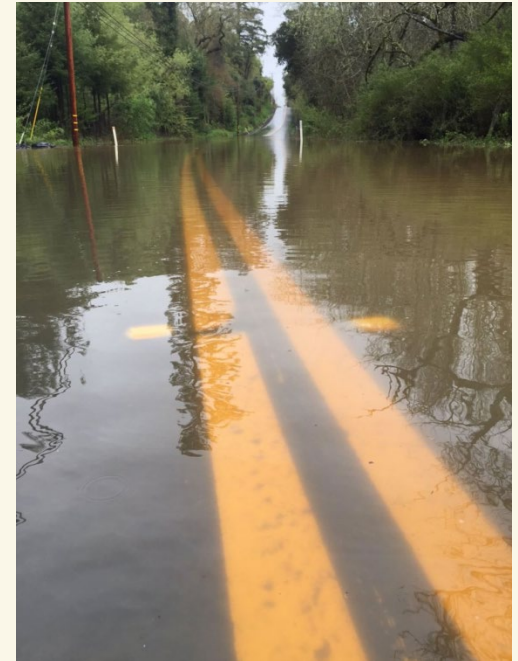
After forms are received by Cal OES:

- Kick-off Meeting (provide LOP prior to/during this meeting)
- On-Site Review of Project(s)
- Project Formulation



Eligible Facility Criteria

- Buildings, systems, equipment, maintained natural features
- Legal responsibility of an eligible applicant
- Located in a designated disaster area
- In active use at the time of the disaster



Categories/Types of Work

- A – Debris Removal
- B – Emergency Work
- C – Roads and Bridges
- D – Water Control Facilities
- E – Buildings and Equipment
- F – Utilities
- G – Parks, Recreational, and Other

Category A – Debris Removal

- Must:
 - eliminate threat to public health and safety
 - eliminate threat of significant damage to improved property
- Includes:
 - tree clearance
 - vegetative debris
 - building wreckage
 - mud/silt on public property (roads, natural streams, public rights-of-way)

*Force Account Labor – Overtime Only

Category A – Debris Removal

Private Property Debris Removal

Debris Removal from Private Property shall be reimbursed only when an immediate threat to public health and safety exists and authorized by the Director of Cal OES.

The Property Owner must:

- Remove disaster-related debris from the property to the curb or public right-of-way
- Certify no insurance to cover debris removal
- Sign a statement giving the local agency the right of entry and absolving the local agency and the state of any liability relative to removal

Damage Caused During Performance of Emergency Work

Typical recommendations for documentation of road damage:

- Pre-Disaster
 - Maintenance Records or plans
 - Photos or other documentation of road condition
- Post-Disaster, but prior to recovery work (like debris removal)
 - Photos or video of proposed haul routes or heavily traversed routes
 - Other documents to establish condition of roads (Remaining useful life of the roadway, or the like)
- Post-Disaster, after recovery work has been completed
 - Photos or video showing specific damage or road degradation sites
 - Other documents to establish the current condition of the road
 - Estimated costs and methods of repair



Category B – Emergency Work

- Includes:
 - Emergency protective measures
 - Mutual aid
 - Wide range of extraordinary measures, such as:
 - Evacuations
 - Sheltering
 - Sandbagging
 - Barricading
 - Bracing or shoring structures
 - Traffic control
 - Local Assistance Center
 - Emergency Operations Center

*Force Account Labor – Overtime Only

Donated Resources

(Categories A and B Only)

Unpaid services and resources provided to a local agency. The valuation will be calculated as:

- Volunteer labor valued at rates for similar work in applicant's organization or in same labor market
- Donated equipment/space at its fair rental rate
- Materials at fair market value at time of donation

Category C – Roads & Bridges

- On-system (FHWA) roads may be ineligible
- Must conform with current codes
- Excludes routine maintenance



Category D – Water Control Facilities

- Channels, canals, levees, and basins
- Restrictions on Flood Control Works
- Excludes USACE
- Excludes NRCS



Category E – Buildings & Equipment

Includes:

- Structures
- Content and equipment
- Codes and standards



Category F – Utilities

- Water treatment
- Power generation
- Communications
- Sewage treatment



Category G – Parks, Rec & Other

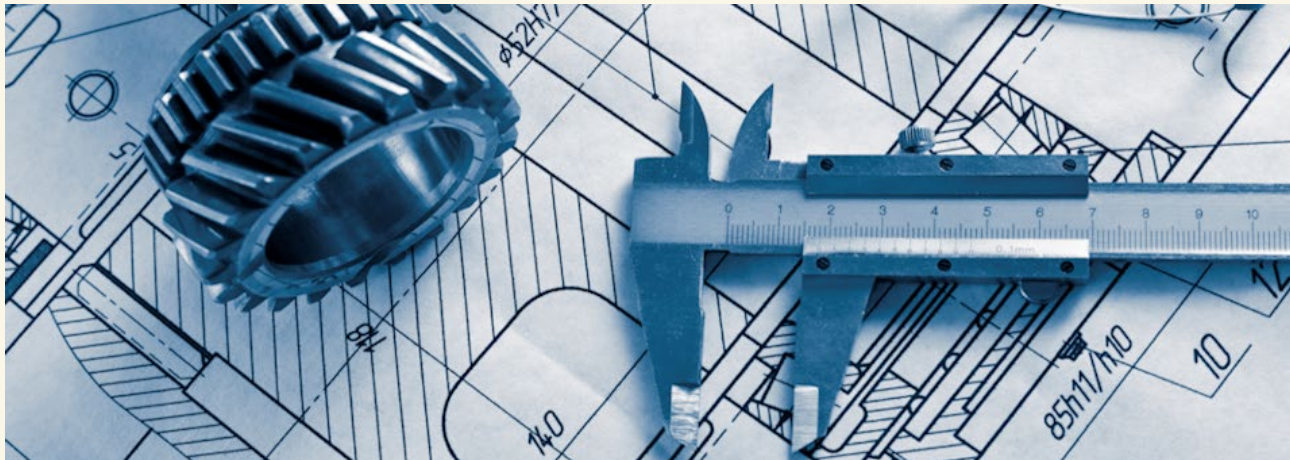
Must fall within the definition of an “*improved and maintained*” facility

- Docks and Harbors
- Public parks
- Golf courses
- Beaches
- Piers
- Airports
- Landfills



Engineering

- Necessary to complete eligible work for construction projects
- Generally permanent work only
- Reimbursement is based on reasonable actual costs



Codes and Standards

- Apply to the type of repair work
- Be appropriate to pre-disaster use
- Be formally adopted prior to the disaster

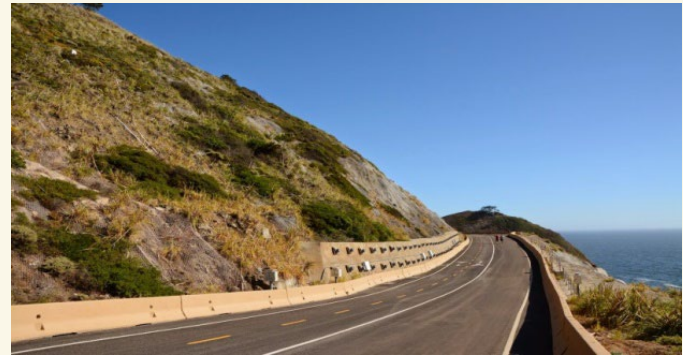


Replacement or Relocation

- Subject to Director's approval
- Relocation when restoration at original location not feasible
- Betterments, increased capacity, or acquisition cost of land borne by Applicant
- Pre-disaster design and function
- Codes, standards, and specifications

Trees, Shrubs, and/or Vegetation

- Generally, not eligible unless for engineered purpose:
 - Erosion control
 - Slope stabilization
 - Wind barriers



- Eligibility limited to minimum level necessary



Hazard Mitigation

- Cost effective
- Substantially reduce risk of repetitive and/or future damage
- Show cause if mitigation measures not considered





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A large, light-colored silhouette of a bear walking to the right is positioned in the background of the lower half of the slide. A large, light-colored five-pointed star is positioned above the text.

Title 19 Mitigation

CDAA Title 19 Hazard Mitigation

- Title 19 Hazard Mitigation eligibility requirements:
 - Only Category C-G permanent projects are eligible for Title 19 Hazard Mitigation measures
 - Title 19 mitigation measures are restricted to damaged infrastructure impacted by the disaster event and in conjunction with permanent work projects
 - No state hazard mitigation funding shall be applied to any emergency protective measure.

CDAA Title 19 Hazard Mitigation

- Title 19: Public Safety
 - Documents the requirements for, and the benefits of, the CDAA program, including the utilization of hazard mitigation funding to harden infrastructure impacted by a natural hazard during the Public Assistance process
 - Hazard mitigation funding is documented in Title 19 Section 2965(c). Other Eligible Work.

CDAA Title 19 - Hazard Mitigation

1. Eligible mitigation measures must be cost effective over the projected life of the facility for a specific facility hazard mitigation project, and substantially reduce the risk of repetitive and/or future damage, hardship, loss, or suffering resulting from a disaster or emergency.
2. Applicants with facilities subject to repetitive damage must show cause when hazard mitigation measures are not considered when repairing new disaster damage.
3. Applicants with facilities in high hazard zones... should examine hazard mitigation project possibilities when disaster repairs to these facilities are being considered.

CDAA Title 19 - Hazard Mitigation

4. Cost effective measures are those that will not cost more than the anticipated value of the reduction in both direct damages and subsequent indirect negative impacts to the area if future disasters or emergencies occur.
 - i. Mitigation projects costing less than fifteen percent (15%) of the approved project repair, restoration, or replacement costs shall be considered cost effective.
 - ii. Mitigation projects above fifteen percent (15%) of the approved project cost may be considered cost effective if an acceptable benefit-cost analysis (BCA) has been performed.

CDAA Title 19 Mitigation Examples

Example 1

- Harden and expand an engineered and maintained culvert damaged by the disaster event into a larger structure. Extend the culvert discharge beyond the toe of embankment to mitigate erosion and scour



CDAA Hazard Mitigation Examples

Example 2

- Install a new debris barrier or grate during the repair of a disaster impacted culvert to prevent possible debris flow blockage.



Example 3

- Strengthen windows damaged by a disaster event by replacing glass with tempered glass for heat/fire resistance.

CDAA Hazard Mitigation Examples

Example 4

- Replace disaster impacted wood guardrail posts with steel



Example 5

- Replace disaster damaged composition roofing with metal and, install cement fiber siding over, or instead of, disaster damaged wood siding on a structure impacted by a disaster event



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CDAA Eligibility Information

Statutory Timeline

TYPES OF WORK	TIME FROM DECLARATION
Emergency Work (A-B)	6 Months
Permanent Work (C-G)	18 Months

Time Extensions for Extenuating Circumstances

- Time Extension Request Checklist:
 - Damage Survey Report (DSR) Number
 - Category of Work
 - Status or progress on permitting for project
 - Anticipated completion date
 - Percentage of work completed
 - Construction schedule (if a version request or environmental permitting is pending, how long would it take to complete the project assuming the desired scope of work is approved, and the permitting is complete)
 - Reason for the delay
 - Dates of previous time extensions

Eligible Costs

- Reasonable and necessary
- Comply with standards of procurement
- Exclude credits
 - Insurance recoveries
 - Litigation recoveries
 - Other funding sources



Eligible Costs (continued)

- Donated Resources
(Categories A and B Only)
- Labor (Force Account)
Categories A - B – Overtime only
Categories C - G – Regular and Overtime
- Equipment
- Rental Equipment
- Materials
- Contract
- Engineering and Design Services



Ineligible Costs



- Expenditures for:
 - Personal property
 - Normal or deferred maintenance
 - Betterment beyond current codes and standards or approved mitigation projects
 - Damages caused by negligence
 - Loss of revenue or income
 - Losses with legal means of recoupment
 - Legal services, fees, penalties, settlements
 - Rights-of-way, easements, land acquisition
 - Non-compliance with local, state, and federal environmental laws and regulations

Force Account Documentation

- Who
- What
- When
- Where
- How long
- At what rate
(including fringe benefits)



Force Account Labor

- Work performed by applicant's employees, including temporary or paid volunteer employees
- Salaries and wages, including:
 - Actual pay
 - Shift differentials
 - Incentive pay
 - Fringe benefits



Force Account Labor Summary Record

Applicant		GPS N	CDA# ID	DSR #	CDA# Disaster #	FEMA Disaster #					
		GPS N									
Location/Site		GPS W	FEMA ID	Category	Period Covering						
		GPS W			to						
Description of Work Performed:											
Name	Hours Worked Each Week						Total Hours	Hourly Rate	Benefit Rate/Hr	Total Hourly	Total Costs
Job Title	Week of										
Name	Reg.										
Job Title	O.T.										
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Total Cost for Force Account Labor Regular Time										\$	-
Total Cost for Force Account Labor Overtime										\$	-
I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION WAS TRANSCRIBED FROM PAYROLL RECORDS, VENDOR INVOICES, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS THAT ARE AVAILABLE FOR AUDIT											
Certified						Title			Date		

Force Account Equipment

- Costs of applicant owned equipment
- Regular and overtime are eligible, standby time is not eligible
- Rate types used (State/Caltrans or Local)
Includes:
 - Cost of operation
 - Insurance and depreciation
 - Maintenance and fuel

Force Account Equipment Summary Record

Applicant		GPS N	CDA A ID	DSR #	CDA A Disaster #	FEMA Disaster #							
Location/Site		GPS W	FEMA ID	Category	Period Covering								
		GPS W			to								
Description of Work Performed:													
Type of Equipment		Equipment Code Number	Operator's Name	Hours Used Each Week							Costs		
Indicate size, capacity, horsepower, make, and model as appropriate				Week of								Total Hours	Equip Rate
				Hours									
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Force Account Materials

Costs of supplies:

- Purchased
- Taken from stock
- Used during the performance of eligible work



Rental Equipment

Applicant must identify:

- What was done
- When
- Where
- How long
- What type of equipment was used
- Charges per project



Contracts



- Reasonable / competitively bid
- Prevailing wage
- Comply with current procurement standards
- Not contingent on State funding
- Time and Materials Contracts should be avoided
- Payment bond required when expenditures exceed \$25,000

Contract Work Summary Form

Applicant		GPS N	CDA A ID	DSR #	CDA A Disaster #	FEMA Disaster #
		GPS N				
Location/Site		GPS W	FEMA ID	Category	Covering	
		GPS W				to
Description of Work Performed:						
Dates Worked		Contractor	Billing/Invoice Number	Amount	Comments - Scope	
	to					
	to					
	to					
	to					
	to					
	to					
	to					
	to					
	to					
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	to					
GRAND TOTAL				\$	-	
I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION WAS TRANSCRIBED FROM PAYROLL RECORDS, VENDOR INVOICES, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS THAT ARE AVAILABLE FOR AUDIT						
Certified			Title		Date	

CDAA Cost Summary Worksheets

The CDAA Cost Summary Worksheets shown in the previous slides are located on the Cal OES Website under the **Public Assistance Forms, Documents, and Reference Materials Page**:

[Cal OES Website – Forms Page](https://www.caloes.ca.gov/PADocs)

(<https://www.caloes.ca.gov/PADocs>)

(Expand the General Applicants' Briefing Documents section)



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Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) Compliance

CDAA-2023-08, Happy Camp Complex Fires

Cal. Code Regs. Title 19, § 2966

Environmental Compliance State Regulations Compare General provisions for compliance with CEQA and permitting responsibilities:

(a) Prior to commencing work on a project, other than engineering, design or environmental assessment¹ work necessary to determine the scope of work or funding eligibility, each applicant shall, if required by CEQA, prepare, adopt, certify or file, the appropriate CEQA document(s);

(b) Prior to commencing work on a project, other than engineering, design or environmental assessment work necessary to determine the scope of work or funding eligibility, each applicant shall be responsible for obtaining the permits, clearances and necessary approvals from **tribal, federal**, state and local agencies; and,

(c) Applicants shall maintain adequate documentation that demonstrates their compliance with this Section and, upon request, shall furnish the documentation to Cal OES

¹Engineering and Environmental Assessment work that does not require ground disturbance, or scientific collection, i.e., research and non-intrusive field studies.

Words in Blue are in legislative review.

State and Federal Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) Compliance Laws

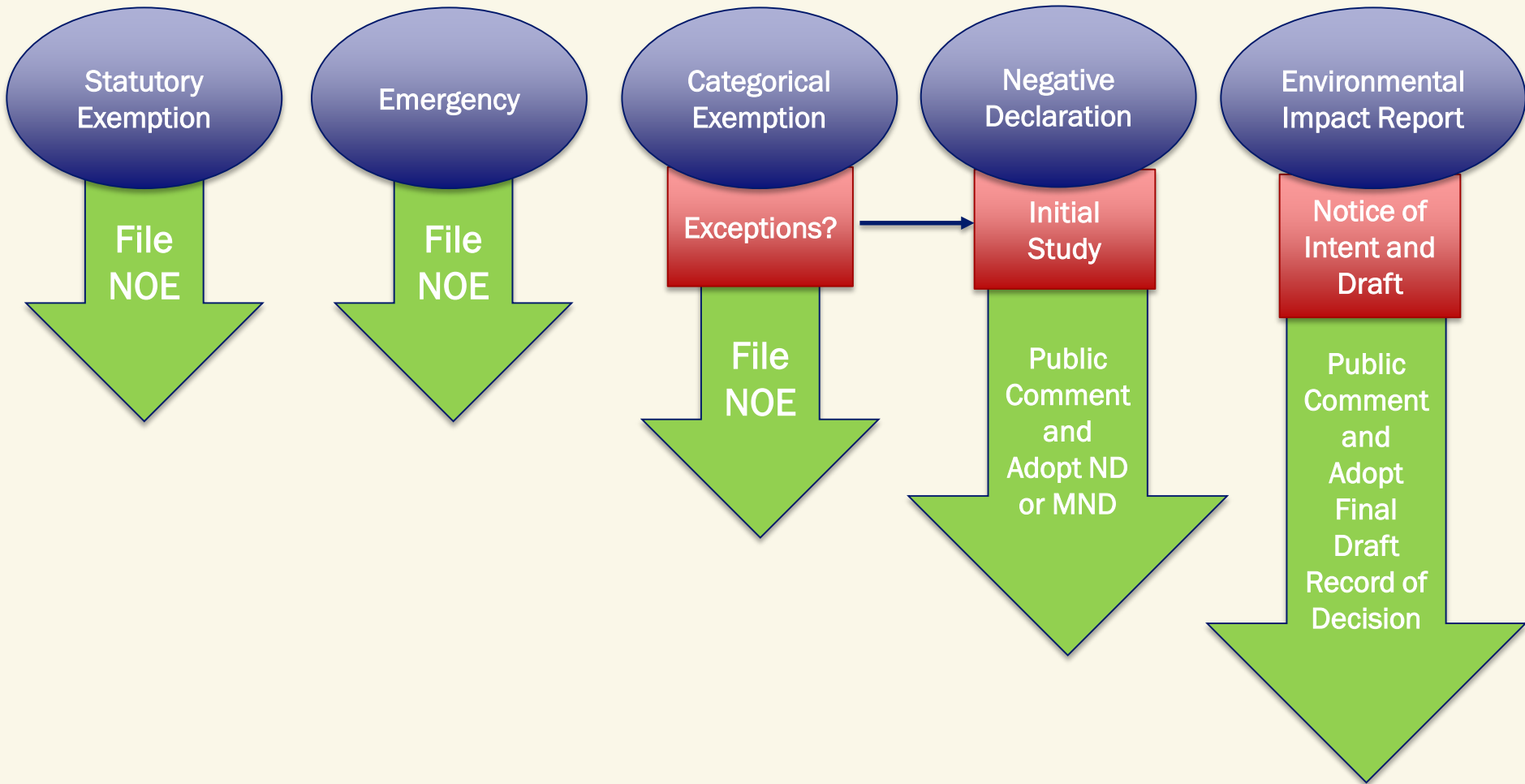
“Umbrella” Environmental Laws

- California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
- <https://cegasubmit.opr.ca.gov/>
- National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)
- <https://www.whitehouse.gov/ceq/>
- <https://ceq.doe.gov/>

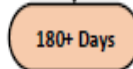
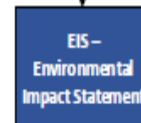
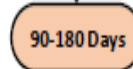
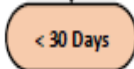
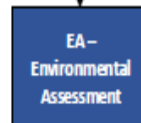
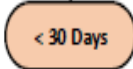
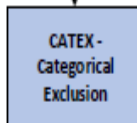
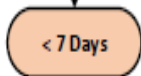


Note: For obligation of Public Assistance Grant funding via CDAA and Stafford Act, documentation of CEQA and NEPA compliance is required.

CEQA



NEPA Determination is conducted concurrently with above Laws/EO review



COMPLEXITY SCALE



12/9/2019

NEPA REVIEW PROCESS SIMPLIFIED DECISION TREE

Key Environmental Laws Considered under CEQA and NEPA

State

1. California Endangered Species Act (CDFW)
2. California Native American Historic Resource Protection Act (SHPO)
- 3a. Porter Cologne Water Quality Control Act (Water Boards, RWQCB)
- 3b. California Fish and Game Code (CDFW)
4. California Clean Air Act (CARB)
5. California Migratory Bird Treaty Act (CDFW)
6. Other State Laws
7. Executive Orders

Federal

1. Endangered Species Act (USFWS)
2. National Historic Preservation Act (SHPO)
3. Clean Water Act (USEPA, USACE)
 - Sections 401 and 402 administered by the Water Boards
 - Section 404 administered by USEPA and USACE
4. Clean Air Act (USEPA)
5. Migratory Bird Treaty Act (USFWS)
6. Other Federal Laws
7. Executive Orders

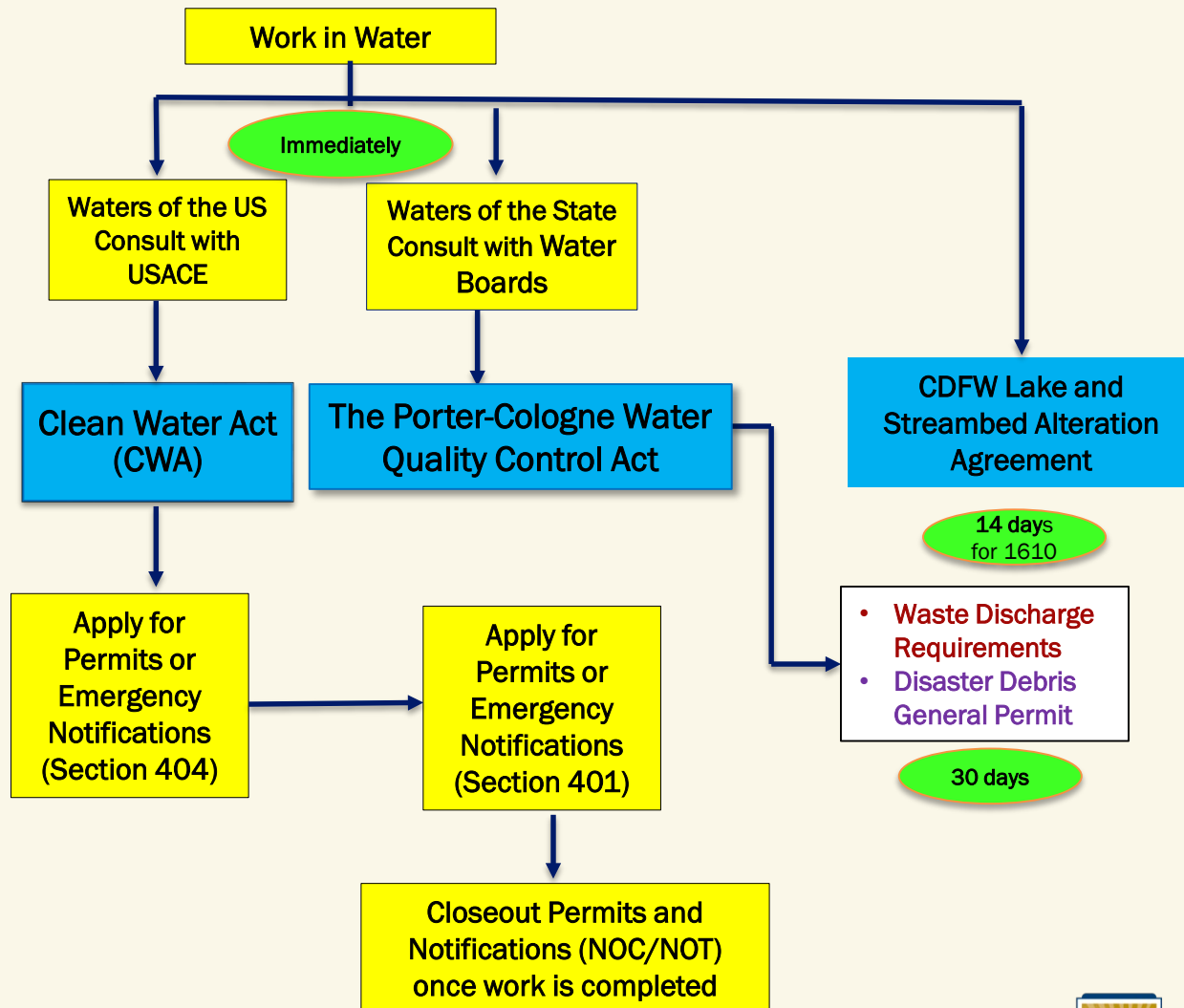
Work in-or-near Water

Examples:

- Culverts
- Wetlands
- Banks
- Watercourses

Concepts:

- Perennial
- Intermittent
- Ephemeral
- Man made



Applicant Permit Due

USACE/Water Boards Jurisdiction

The United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) includes two broad categories of water:

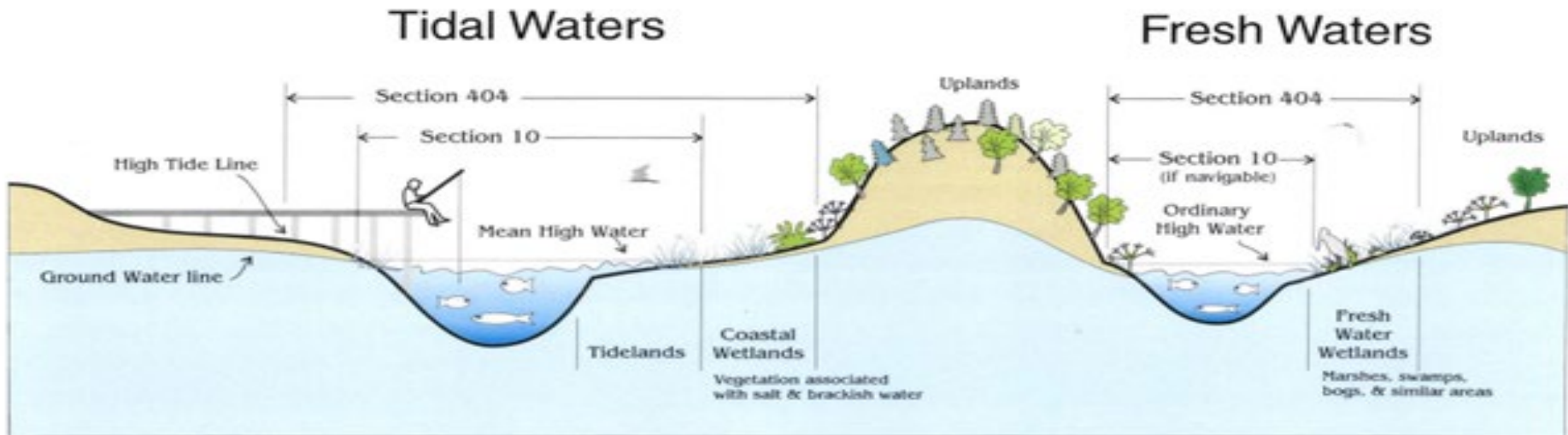
- Navigable Waters of the United States
- Waters of the United States

Without such categories the Water Boards take on the category:

- Waters of the State

- Culverts
- Bridges
- Bank erosion

CORPS OF ENGINEERS REGULATORY JURISDICTION



Typical examples
of regulated activities

Section 103
Ocean Discharge
of Dredged Material

Ocean discharges of
dredged material

Section 404
Disposal of Dredged or Fill Material
(all waters of the U.S.)

All filling activities, utility lines, outfall structures,
road crossings, beach nourishment, riprap,
jetties, some excavation activities, etc.

Section 10
All Structures and Work
(navigable waters)

Dredging, marinas, piers, wharves,
floats, intake / outtake pipes,
pillings, bulkheads, ramps, fills,
overhead transmission lines, etc.

ARID WEST OHWM



A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High-Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States



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Western Mountains

OHWM



A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region of the United States



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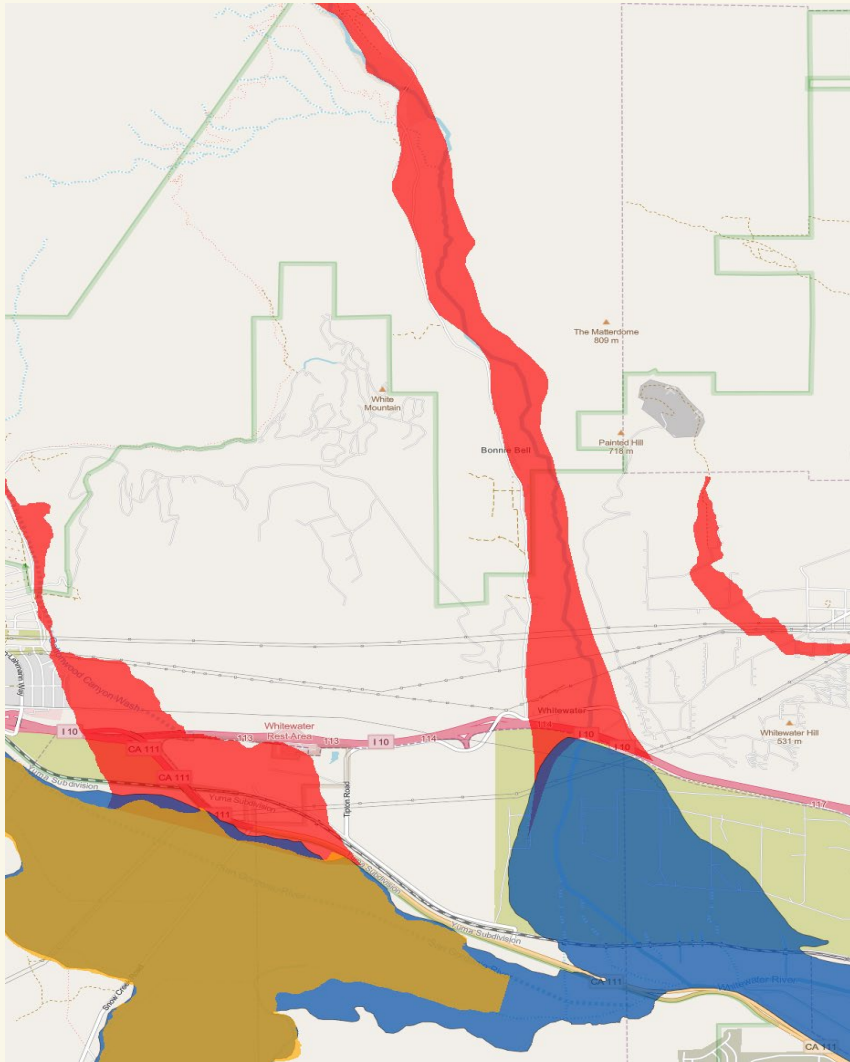
Water Boards Jurisdiction

- STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD ORDER WQ 2020-0004-DWQ GENERAL WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISASTER-RELATED WASTES
- 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION/WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS
- NPDES STORM WATER PERMITS (Clean Water Act 402)

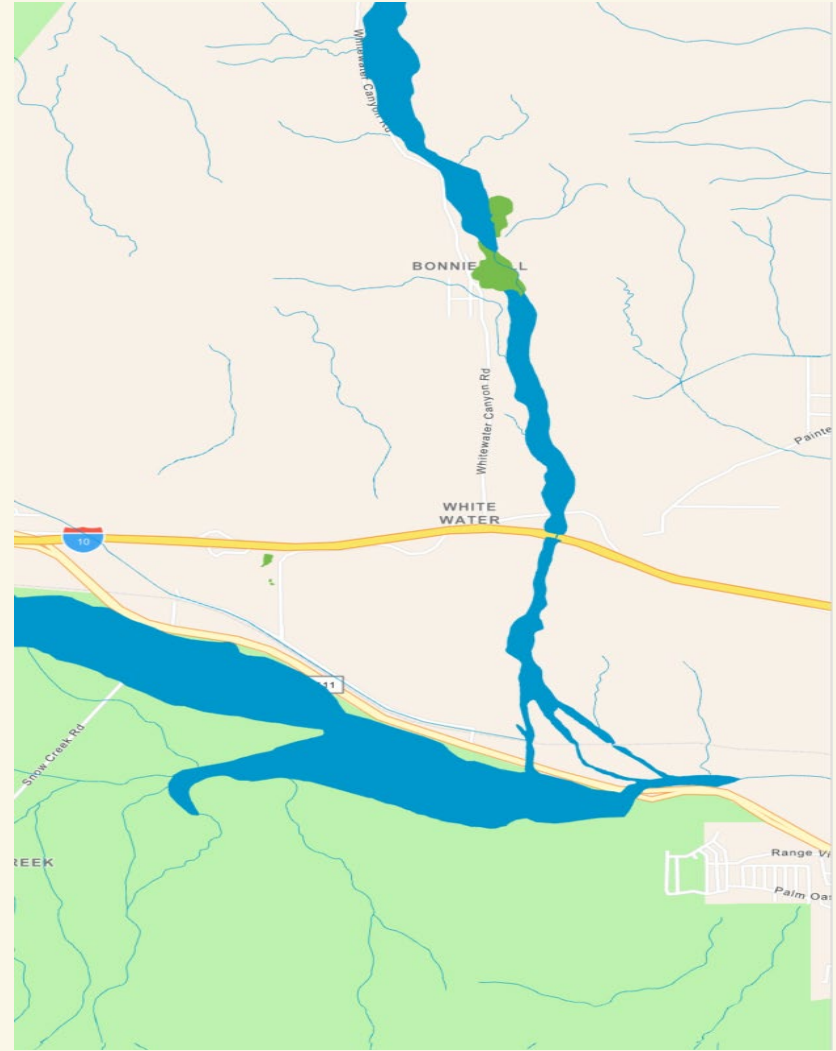


https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/board_decisions/adopted_orders/water_quality/2020/wqo2020_0004_dwq.pdf

Floodplains and Wetlands



USA Flood Hazard



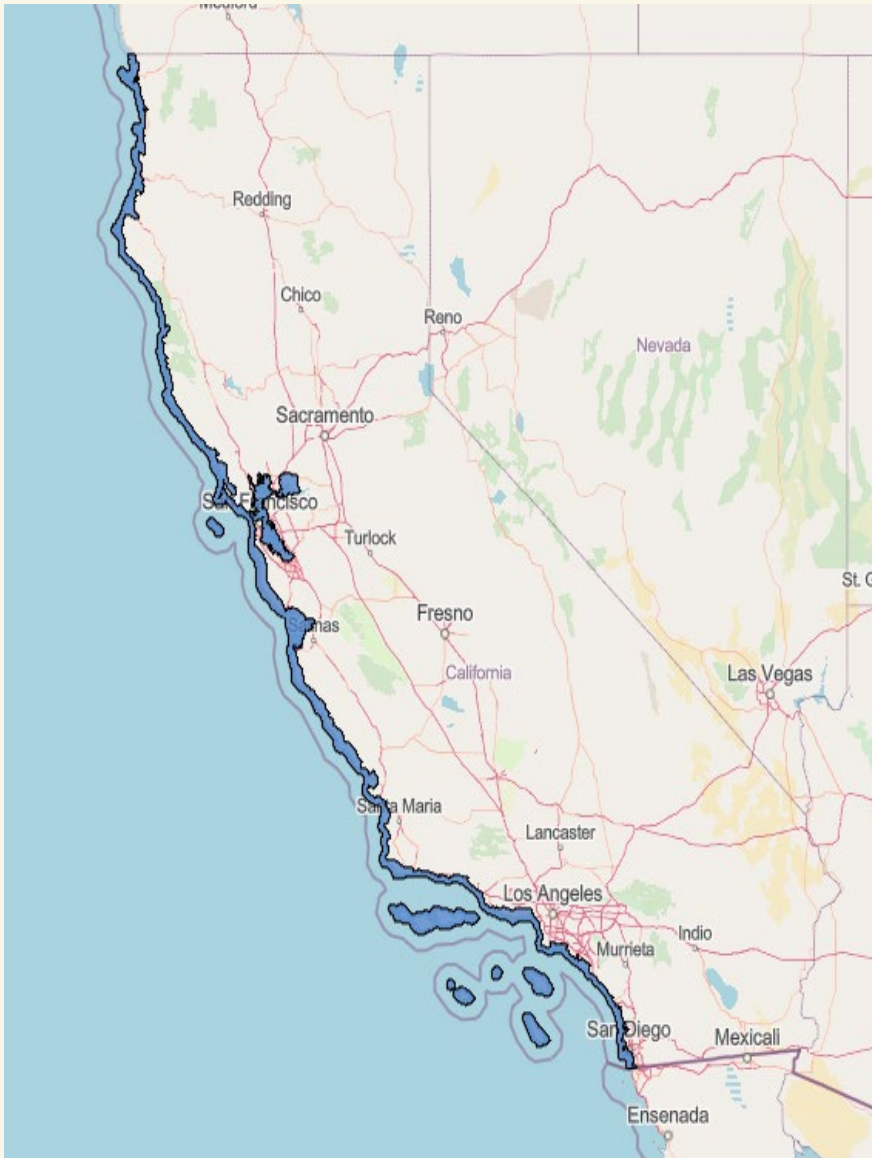
National Wetland Inventory



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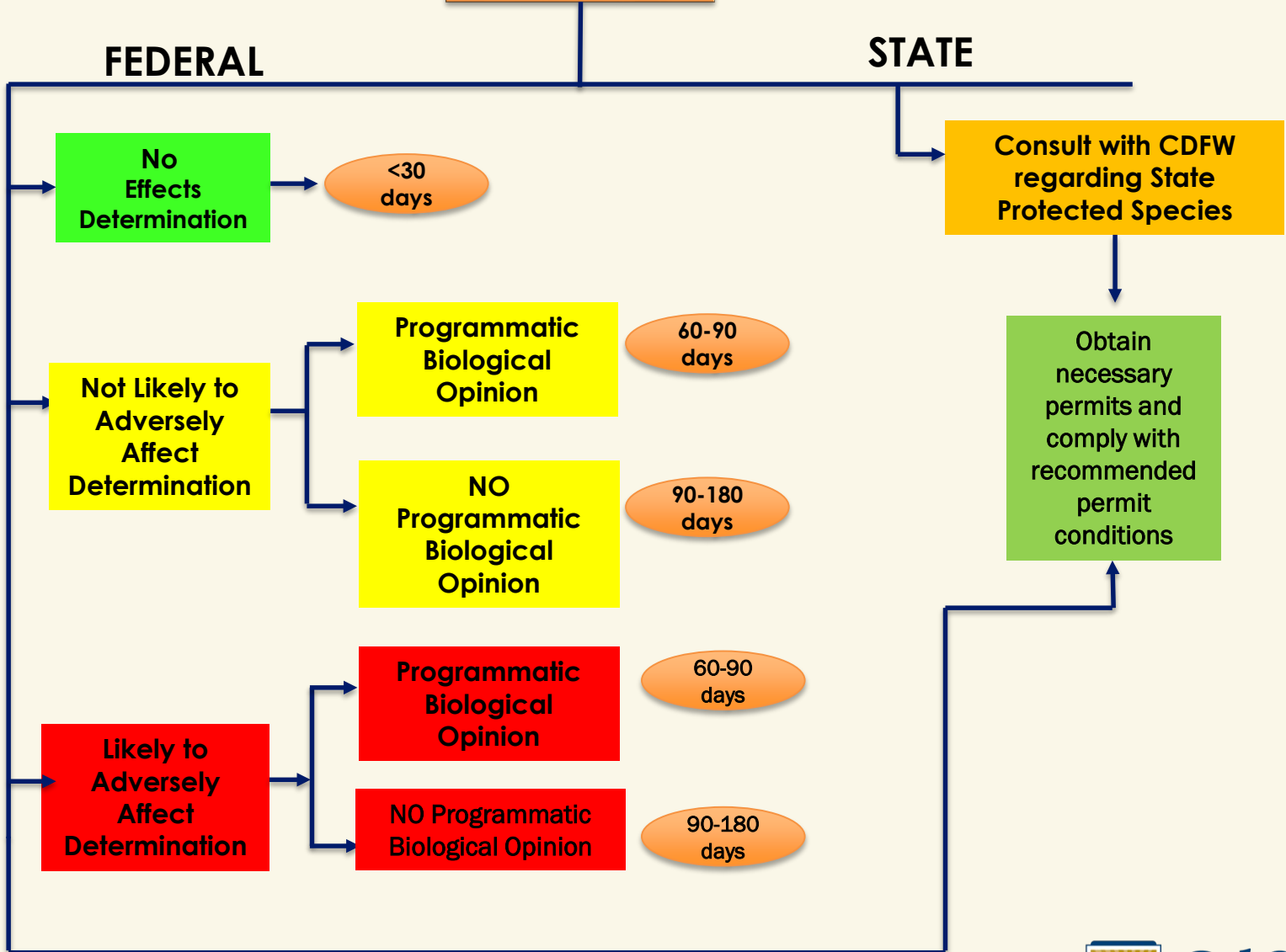
CA Coastal Commission Jurisdiction

Coastal Zone Management Act



- 1000 yards inland from the coast
- Activity/Trigger: Construction work within the Coastal Management Zone (e.g., Placement of segregated fill on a beach).
- If immediate action is necessary contact within three days (72 hours) of the disaster or discovery of the danger,
- 7 days to obtain Emergency Permits:
<https://documents.coastal.ca.gov/assets/cdp/emergency-cdp-appl.pdf>

Endangered Species Act



USFWS/NMFS Jurisdiction

- **Endangered Species Act**
 - **Biological Surveys – Desktop/Field (Hire a biologist)**
 - **Section 7 requires federal agencies to consult with US Fish and Wildlife Service (this can always be informally preempted by the applicant)**
 - **Migratory Bird Treaty Act**
 - **Keep in contact US Fish and Wildlife Service and/or National Marine Fisheries Service Directly**
 - **Incidental Take Permits**
 - **Special Purpose Permits**
 - **Programmatic Biological Opinions:**
 - **Avoidance and Minimization Measures**
- **Use iPac**
<https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/>



CDFW Jurisdiction

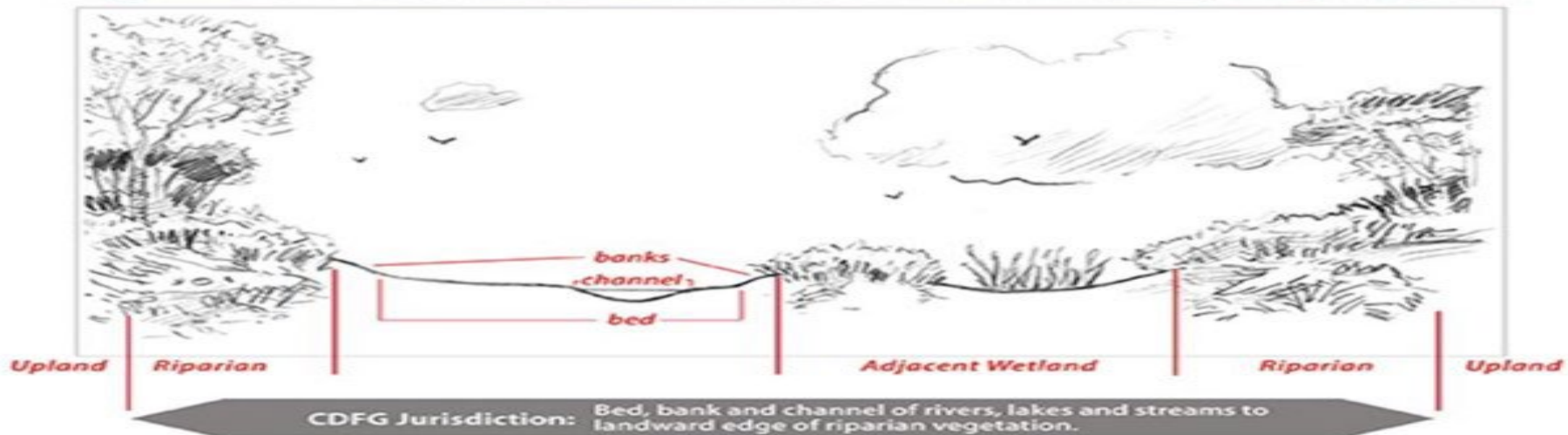


Willow Flycatcher

Illustration © [David Allen Sibley](#).

- Fish and Game Code Section 1600
 - 1602 Permanent Projects
 - 1610 Emergency Notification
- CA Endangered Species Act and CA Migratory Bird Protection Act
 - Biological Surveys– Desktop/Field (e.g. CNDDDB)
 - Contact CDFW
 - Incidental Take Permits
 - Best Management Practices and Species-Specific Measures

CDFG jurisdiction includes the bed, banks and channel of lakes, rivers and streams and includes adjacent riparian vegetation.



National Historic Preservation Act/Cultural Resource Protections

Disaster Event

Federal Jurisdiction

State Declaration

NEPA Process

CEQA Process

Do NOT start work until Federal review

No Potential to Effect

Lead agency or Contractor Should complete a review completed by qualified archaeologists.

Obtaining all necessary SHPO and Tribal Consultations

Programmatic Allowance

No Adverse Effect to Historic Properties

No Historic Properties Affected

Potential to impact historic or precontact resources

Tribal Consultation AB-52

Outreach to the Native American Heritage Commisison

Write contact letters

Consult

National Historic Preservation Act

Precontact Resources



Historic Resources



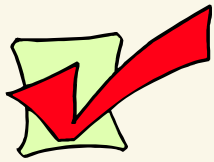
Example – What Applies?

- Clean Water Act?
- Porter Cologne Act?
- Fish and Game Code?
- Endangered Species?
- National Historic Preservation Act?
- Floodplains or Wetlands?
- Other laws?



Project Description

- **Site-Specific Plan, which includes:**
 - Address/Location
 - Aerial map,
 - A description of the site, access to it, and damages,
 - Ground Disturbing Activities, Location, Depth and Dimensions
 - A description of pre-disaster uses and impacts,
 - A description of temporary facilities and equipment stored,
 - A description of necessary construction mitigation Best Management Practices
 - Construction Dates
 - Land Ownership
 - Lead NEPA and CEQA agency
 - National Pollution Discharge Elimination System coverage, if applicable
- Encroachment/Use Permit
 - CalTrans, County or Municipal
- Site assessment by a qualified biologist for Endangered Species Act and California Endangered Species Act
- Site assessment by a qualified Archaeologist for National Historic Preservation Act, or general cultural/tribal resource protections (AB52, CalFire, etc.)
- Section 404 and 401 of the Clean Water Act permit, Fish and Game Code Section 1600 Lake and Streambed Alteration Agreement, compliance with Executive Order 11990 Protection of Wetlands, and Executive Order 11988 - Floodplain Management
- Documentation that the site is not on the Hazardous Waste and Substances sites



Important Points

- 1. Identify and contact the responsible state and federal resource agencies** before work can begin;
- 2. Only when EHP process is complete with those agencies and documented**, can project activities or construction begin without putting obligation of funding at risk;
- 3. Sub-Applicants and Sub-Recipients are responsible** for all EHP compliance requirements;
- 4. All applicable environmental laws must be addressed** in the EHP process **even if** a Statutory or a Categorical CEQA Exemption, or, a Statutory or Categorical NEPA Exclusion (e.g., STATEX or CATEX) is obtained;
- 5. A change in a project scope will require the EHP process to restart** to address the modification which may delay project start;
- 6. Contact CalOES PA, HMGP, and EHP** to help identify appropriate Federal and State Agency Representatives that need to be consulted with on your projects; and
- 7. Keep copies of** all correspondence and other documents.

Questions?

Patricia Nelson,
Environmental Officer,
916-823-1945

patricia.nelson@caloes.ca.gov

Ramzi Ibrahim,
CalOES EHP Liaison
916-926-9536

ramzi.ibrahim@caloes.ca.gov

recoveryehp@caloes.ca.gov

- **Technical Resources: Environmental Directory and Fact Sheets**



[Cal OES website - Environmental-Historic Preservation webpage](https://www.caloes.ca.gov/ehp)

<https://www.caloes.ca.gov/ehp>

[Jurisdictions Map](http://tinyurl.com/ycbxth3w)

<http://tinyurl.com/ycbxth3w>



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**CDA A Funding and
Other information**

Administrative Allowance

- Applicant's cost for administering the grant
- Calculated at 10 percent of net eligible costs (State share 75 percent)
- Automatically added to obligation payment



Payment Notification

- All funding disbursements issued on State Warrants
- State Warrants prepared and mailed by State Controller's Office
- Cal OES sends notification letter before State Warrant is issued

Final Closeout Process

- Request filed by applicant within 60 days of completion of last project
- Site inspection by Cal OES
- Adjustment made to actual eligible costs
- Retention released
- Applicant invoiced for overpaid funds



Project Accounting

- Segregate disaster related work from normal activities
- Actual costs and expenditures should be accumulated AS THEY OCCUR
- Keep all documentation...
DETAILS,
DETAILS,
DETAILS



Record Retention Requirement

- Keep records for three years from date of Cal OES Audit Waiver letter
- Beware of routine destruction cycles



Fair Hearing Process (Appeal)

Two Levels:

- First Level to Deputy Director of Recovery
- Second Level to Cal OES Director



Other Federal Programs

Cal OES cost shares with the following:

- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), Emergency Watershed Protection Program
- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Emergency Relief Program



NRCS Contact



Direct NRCS questions to:

Mr. Ernesto De La Riva
State Conservation Engineer
(530) 792-5680

Ernesto.DeLaRiva@usda.gov

FHWA Contact

Direct FHWA ER Program questions to:

Mr. Bob Baca, PE

Emergency Relief Program Manager

Office of Federal Programs

Caltrans Division of Local Assistance

(916) 653-9151

Bob.Baca@dot.ca.gov



Questions

**CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF
EMERGENCY SERVICES RECOVERY TEAM**

(916) 845-8200

DisasterRecovery@caloes.ca.gov

Robert Larsen, Public Assistance Officer

(916) 600-4512

Robert.Larsen@caloes.ca.gov

CDAA Application Required Forms

Applications are due by: **Friday, April 12, 2024**

- Project Application Form (OES-PA-126)
- List of Projects (LOP) Form (OES-PA-95)
- Designation of Authorized Agent Form (OES-FPD-130)

Download fillable forms: <https://www.caloes.ca.gov/PADocs>





Fact Sheet

Governor's Proclamation



CDAA 2023-08 Happy Camp Complex Fires - California Disaster Assistance Act Funding

CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

On August 15, 2023, a Governor's Proclamation was issued to secure funding to help the County of Siskiyou respond to and recover from the Happy Camp Complex Fires. This fact sheet contains information regarding the available assistance and California Disaster Assistance Act (CDAA) application information.

Important Disaster Information

Declaration Name: Happy Camp Complex Fires

Incident Period: August 16, 2023, through October 31, 2023

The Happy Camp Complex Fires (CDAA-2023-08) makes available CDAA funding for eligible costs for the County of Siskiyou.



Applicants Eligible for Assistance

The following local government entities are eligible for disaster assistance under CDAA:

- Cities
- Counties
- Special Districts
- School Districts
- Community College Districts
- Certain Private Non-Profit Organizations

Eligible Private Non-Profit Reimbursement

An eligible private non-profit (PNP) applicant may receive state financial assistance as reimbursement for the performance of essential community services, provided such expenditures meet all the eligibility requirements. PNP activities resulting from self-deployment will not be eligible for reimbursement.

Available Assistance - Public Assistance Program
State cost shares 75 percent and local 25 percent of eligible costs. The types of work eligible are illustrated below.

EMERGENCY WORK

- Debris Removal (**Category A**)
- Emergency Response and Protective Measures (**Category B**)

Note: Force Account Labor
Emergency Work - Only overtime is eligible.

PERMANENT WORK

- Roads and Bridges (**Category C**)
- Water Control Facilities (**Category D**)
- Buildings and Equipment (**Category E**)
- Utilities (**Category F**)
- Parks, Recreational Facilities, Other Items (**Category G**)

Note: Force Account Labor
Permanent Work - Regular and overtime is eligible.

Important Application Information

All forms are available by visiting our website:

[Recovery Forms](#)

(<https://www.caloes.ca.gov/PADocs>)

CDAA application packets must contain the following:

- ✓ Project Application California Disaster Assistance Act Program (**OES-PA-126**)
- ✓ List of Projects (**OES-PA-95**)
- ✓ Designation of Applicant's Agent Resolution (**OES-FPD-130**)

CDAA application packets must be received by email at DisasterRecovery@CalOES.ca.gov or at the address below no later than:

Friday, April 12, 2024

Mr. Robert Larsen
State Public Assistance Officer
California Governor's Office of Emergency Services
Public Assistance Division
3650 Schriever Avenue
Mather, CA 95655
Attn: CDAA-2023-08



3650 Schriever Avenue, Mather, CA 95655
Recovery Section - PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DIVISION
(916) 845-8200 TELEPHONE - (916) 845-8388 FAX
www.CalOES.ca.gov





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Hazard Mitigation Assistance Overview

Hazard Mitigation Program Basics

- Eligible sub-applicants:
 - State and Local Governments, Tribal entities, Special Districts, and Private Non-Profit (HMGP Only)
- Must have FEMA-approved Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP)
- Cost-Effective shown by Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA)
- 75% Federal / 25% Non-Federal Cost Share (90%/10% in some cases)
- 48 months Period of Performance
- Funding for: LHMP Development, Project Scoping/Advance Assistance, Project Implementation/Construction
- Projects to address natural hazards: Fire, Flood, Earthquake, Landslide/Mudslide, Tsunami, Drought, Volcano
- Grant management and pre-award costs are eligible for reimbursement

Hazard Mitigation Programs



HMGP

Available after a major disaster declaration to reduce risks from natural hazards



FMA

Reduces or eliminates risk of repetitive flood damage to buildings and structures insured under NFIP



HMGP Post-Fire

Prioritizes communities impacted by wildfire to mitigate fire and post-fire hazards



BRIC

Annual, nationally competitive funding for new and innovative infrastructure projects that reduce risks from natural hazards



Fire Mitigation Project Types



Hazardous Fuels Reduction

- Within two miles of improved property or critical infrastructure/facilities



Defensible Space

- Public facilities and infrastructure
- Private property defensible space programs



Ignition Resistant Construction

- Public facilities
- Private property programs (*eave vents, fire resistant roofing, fire resistant siding*)

Post-Fire Project Examples

- Soil stabilization
- Erosion control
- Flood control and drainage improvements
- Storm water management
- Increase debris basin capacity
- Removal of standing burned trees
- Replacement of burned/contaminated water systems
- Noxious weed prevention



Contact HMA



General Inquiries

HMA@caloes.ca.gov



Grant Information
& Timelines

www.caloes.ca.gov/hmgrp

Thank You

