

How to Successfully Complete a Notice of Interest (NOI)

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### **Webinar Overview**



Place yourself on mute



During the presentation, use the chat feature to ask questions



This presentation is being recorded, and will be posted to the Cal OES website



Q and A will occur at the end



### Administrative Slide for UEI and SAM

- Effective April 4, 2022, the Federal Government transitioned from using the Data Universal Numbering System or DUNS number, to a new, non-proprietary identifier known as a **Unique Entity Identifier** or UEI.
- For entities that had an active registration in the **System for Award Management** (SAM) prior to this date, the UEI has automatically been assigned and no action is necessary.
- For all entities filing a new registration in SAM.gov on or after April 4, 2022, the UEI will be assigned to that entity as part of the SAM.gov registration process.
- UEI registration information is available on GSA.gov at: https://www.gsa.gov/about-<u>us/organization/federal-acquisition-service/office-of-systems-management/integrated-award-</u> environment-iae/iae-systems-information-kit/unique-entity-identifier-update
- Grants.gov registration information can be found at: https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/register.html.
- Detailed information regarding UEI and SAM is also provided in Section D of the **FEMA BRIC NOFO**
- Detailed information regarding UEI and SAM is also provided in Section D of the **FEMA FMA NOFO**



### **Goals Review**

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# Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) Grants

### BRIC and FMA funding:

### FLOOD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE (FMA)

Purpose: FEMA funded, State administered program and not directly tied to a disaster declaration; reduce **NFIP** claims

Cycle: Annual

**Local Match:** 0%, 10%, or 25%

FY 2022 Funding\*: \$800M - nationally

competitive program

### **BUILDING RESILIENT INFRASTRUCTURE** AND COMMUNITIES (BRIC)

Purpose: FEMA funded, State administered program and **not** directly tied to a disaster declaration; high-impact, neighborhood scale projects

Cycle: Annual

**Local Match:** At least 25% or 10% for economically disadvantaged rural communities (EDRC)

**FY 2022 Funding\*: ~**\$2.3B - nationally

competitive program

### HAZARD MITIGATION GRANT PROGRAM (HMGP)

Purpose: FEMA funded, State administered program and directly tied to a disaster declaration: break cycle of repetitive losses

Cycle: Post-Disaster

Local Match: 25%

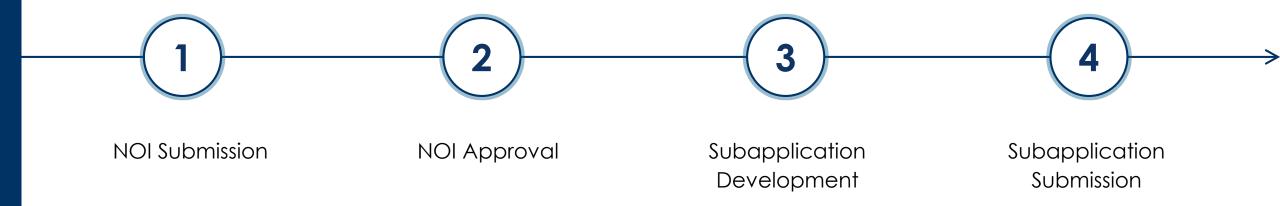
FY 2022 Funding\*: Varies year to

year - competitive within each state



### Goals of NOI Submission

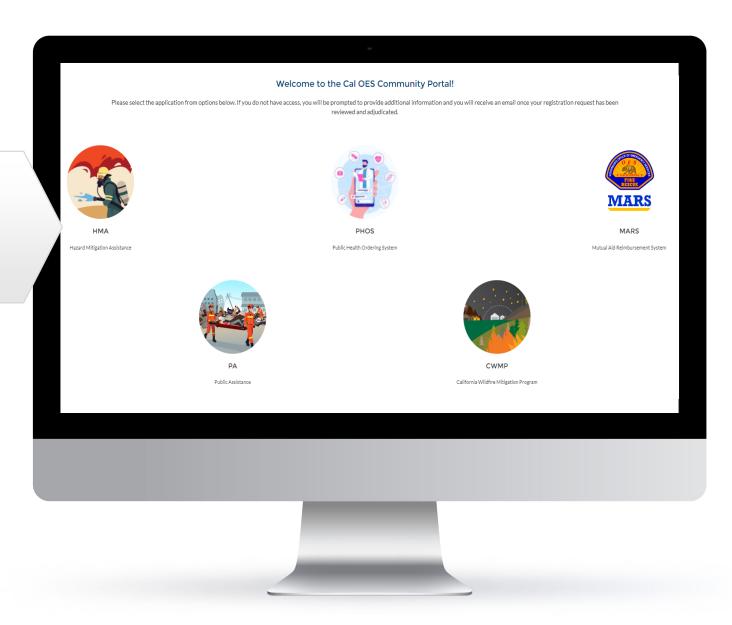
- Time and resource management
- Quick screening tool for eligibility and competitiveness
- Early intervention to flag potential issues
- Determine if potential projects are aligned with FEMA and State funding priorities for mitigation
- Steps 1 and 2 are in Salesforce
- Steps 3 and 4 are in FEMA GO





# Notice of Interest (NOI)

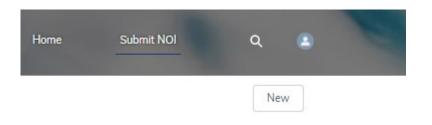
**Click HMA** 

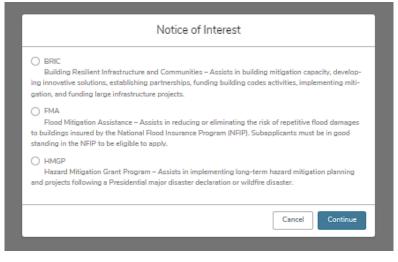




# Notice of Interest (NOI): 3 Steps







Submit NOI

Upper Left Corner, click submit NOI

Notice of Interest



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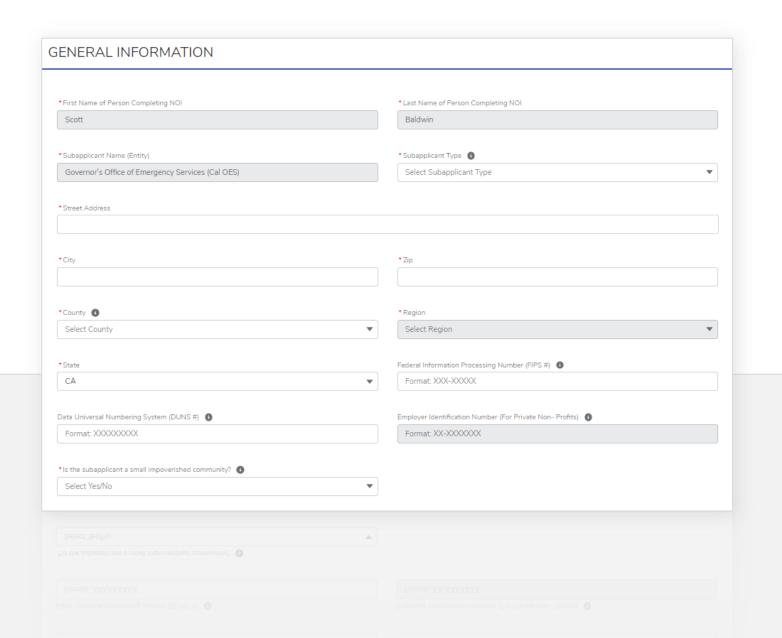
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### **General Information Section**







# **General Information Section**



Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Name of person completing the NOI	No	Mandatory	
Subapplicant name	No	Mandatory	
Subapplicant type	Yes	Mandatory	City, County, State, PNP, Special District, and Tribal
Address with County and Region	Yes	Mandatory	Instruction for use of multi-county
Federal Information Processing (FIPS) Number	Yes	Optional	Email Cal OES to get FIPS
Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number	Yes	Optional	Information for how to obtain DUNS is provided (not needed since UEI has replaced this)
Employer Identification Number (EIN) used for Private Non-Profits	Yes	Optional	Information on what an EIN is
Small Impoverished Community (Economically Disadvantaged Rural Community)	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>- Must meet the definition</li> <li>- If applying on behalf of an EDRC, this will need to be stated in the brief summary section (letter from EDRC is needed)</li> <li>- If yes is checked, the local match is 10%. The SA can overmatch at 12%</li> </ul>



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## **BRIC Subapplication Information Section**

### SUBAPPLICATION INFORMATION Subapplication Type Examples: Activities which enhance the knowledge, skills, expertise, etc., of the current workforce to expand or improve the administration of mitigation Capability and Capacity Building assistance. C&CB activities must result in a resource, strategy, or tangible mitigation product that will reduce or eliminate risk and damage from future natural hazards, increase resiliency, and promote a culture of preparedness. This includes activities in the following sub-categories: building codes (C&CB) activities, partnerships, project scoping, mitigation planning and planning-related activities, and other activities. Cost-effective, risk reduction projects designed to increase resilience and public safety; reduce injuries and loss of life; and reduce damage and destruction to property, critical services, facilities, and infrastructure; Activities involve construction and/or physical work. Examples: nature-based Project solutions/green infrastructure, acquisition demolition/relocation, debris basin, structural elevation, structural seismic retrofit, hazardous fuels reduction, defensible space, generator(s). Subapplication Type Capability and Capacity Building (C&CB)



# **BRIC Subapplication Information: C&CB**

Capability and Capacity Building (C&CB)	Examples:
Planning	Activities include developing a new hazard mitigation plan or updating a current mitigation plan.
Planning-Related	Activities include updating or enhancing sections of the current FEMA-approved mitigation plan, integrating information from mitigation plans with other planning efforts, building capacity through delivery of technical assistance and training, evaluating adoption and/or implementation of ordinances that reduce risk or increase resilience.
Project Scoping	Activities include engineering design and feasibility studies for larger or complex projects, Hydrologic and Hydraulic (H&H) studies, obtain staff or resources to develop cost-share strategy and identify potential match funding, evaluate facilities or areas to determine appropriate mitigation actions, incorporate environmental considerations early into program decisions, collect data for benefit cost analyses, environmental compliance and other program requirements, evaluation of potential solutions (i.e., alternative analysis), and project scoping across a wide variety of programs to incorporate sustainability, resilience and renewable building concepts.
Partnerships	Activities can include public and private stakeholders working together to identify funding sources, project goals, and to further identify risks/hazards for mitigation.
Building Code	Activities can include evaluation/adoption and/or implementation of codes that reduce risk, enhance existing adopted codes to incorporate more current requirements or higher standards, and develop professional workforce capabilities through technical assistance and training.

**Keep In Mind** 

Cal OES is prioritizing project scoping activities to fulfill their \$2M allocation cap



# **BRIC Subapplication Information: Project**

### SUBAPPLICATION INFORMATION Subapplication Type Examples: Activities which enhance the knowledge, skills, expertise, etc., of the current workforce to expand or improve the administration of mitigation Capability and Capacity Building assistance. C&CB activities must result in a resource, strategy, or tangible mitigation product that will reduce or eliminate risk and damage from future natural hazards, increase resiliency, and promote a culture of preparedness. This includes activities in the following sub-categories: building codes (C&CB) activities, partnerships, project scoping, mitigation planning and planning-related activities, and other activities. Cost-effective, risk reduction projects designed to increase resilience and public safety; reduce injuries and loss of life; and reduce damage and destruction to property, critical services, facilities, and infrastructure; Activities involve construction and/or physical work. Examples: nature-based Project solutions/green infrastructure, acquisition demolition/relocation, debris basin, structural elevation, structural seismic retrofit, hazardous fuels reduction, defensible space, generator(s). Subapplication Type Project



# **BRIC Subapplication Information: Project Types**



roject Type	Activities:
Acquisition Demo-Relocation	Purchase of properties on a voluntary basis in order to remove structure(s) from natural hazards (flood/landslide/avalanche). Structures must be demolished or relocated outside hazard area.
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Property Acquisition and Structure Demolition Projects, Property Acquisition and Structure Relocation Projects
	Stormwater management projects, including the construction, installation, or improvement of culverts, drainpipes, pumping stations, floodgates, rock, straw and log dams, drainage dips, and detention or retention basins.
	Flood protection measures for water and sanitary sewer systems or other utility systems. Slope stabilization or grading to direct flood waters away from homes, schools, businesses, utilities, or governmental facilities.
Drainage/Flood Control	Flood protection and stabilization measures for roads and bridges construction, demolition, or rehabilitation of: Dams, Dikes, Levees, Floodwalls, Seawalls, Groins, Jetties, Breakwaters, Stabilized sand dunes, Large-scale channelization of a waterway
	Vegetation management for shoreline stabilization (coastal, riverine, riparian, and other littoral zones) Soil stabilization and erosion control activities.
	Drought mitigation activities.
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Localized Flood Risk Reduction Projects, Non-Localized Flood Risk Reduction Projects, Soil Stabilization, Infrastructure Retrofit, Green Infrastructure
	Elevation: Construction to elevate structures above the base flood elevation.
Elevation-Floodproofing	Dry Floodproofing: Implementation of techniques to seal the structure from floodwaters.
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Elevation (Structure Elevation); Dry Floodproofing (Dry Floodproofing of Historical Residential Structures, D Floodproofing of Non-Residential Structures)
Seismic Retrofitting	Retrofitting homes or buildings structurally or non-structurally to reduce damages from earthquakes.
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Structural Retrofitting of Existing Buildings, Non-Structural Retrofitting of Existing Buildings and Facilities



# **BRIC Subapplication Information: Project Types**



Wildfire & Vegetation Management	Creation of defensible space around homes, structures, and critical facilities by reduction of flammable vegetation. Hazardous fuel reduction which is the removal of vegetative fuels proximate to at-risk structures. Implementation of ignition-resistant construction techniques utilizing non-combustible materials on new and existing structures.	
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Wildfire Mitigation	
Mitigation Reconstruction	Construction of an improved, elevated building on the same site where an existing building and/or foundation has been partially or completely demolished or destroyed.	
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Mitigation Reconstruction	
Generator(s)/Other Power	Installation of generator(s) or other power source(s) (such as a micro-grid) which provides a secondary source of power to a critical facility. Examples: police and fire station, hospitals, water and sewer treatment plant.	
Source(s)	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Generators	
Tsunami Vertical Evacuation	Construction of an evacuation tower which is utilized during a tsunami event to escape the tsunami and debris wave.	
Safe Room/Shelter	Construction of safe rooms to provide protection for people in public and private structures from tornado and severe wind events. This type of project includes retrofits of existing facilities or new safe room construction projects.	
	**As referenced in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance: Safe Room Construction	
Nature-Based Solutions/Green Infrastructure  Land conservation, greenways, wetland restoration, stormwater parks, floodplain restoration, rain gardens, vegetated swales, green roofs, rain harvesting, permeable pavement, tree canopy, tree trenches, green streets, coastal wetlands, oyster reefs, dunes, waterfront parks, and living shorelines.		
Utility and Infrastructure Protection	Measures to reduce risk to existing utility systems, roads, bridges and other critical infrastructure. Activities may include retrofitting, relocation, and / or other measures to protect utilities and infrastructure from natural hazard impacts. Other activities such as replacing or retrofitting electrical transmission or distribution utility pole structures, and replacing water systems that have been burned and have caused contamination may also be considered und this category.	



### **BRIC Subapplication Information Section**

#### First critical action needed here!

Must determine the correct subapplication type



**BRIC Project** 

Construction will occur: can be phased project or shovel ready project



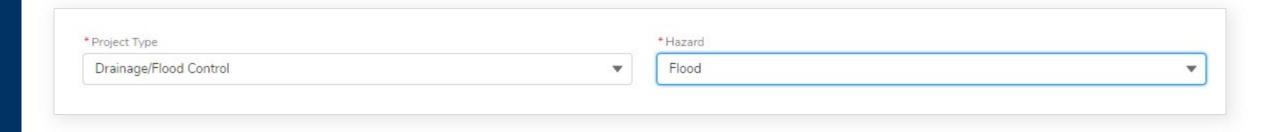
C&CB

No construction will occur: activity that will get to a HMA project in the future



# Subapplication Type Should Match the Hazard

For example, if drainage/flood control is selected, the hazard is more likely flood than tornado.





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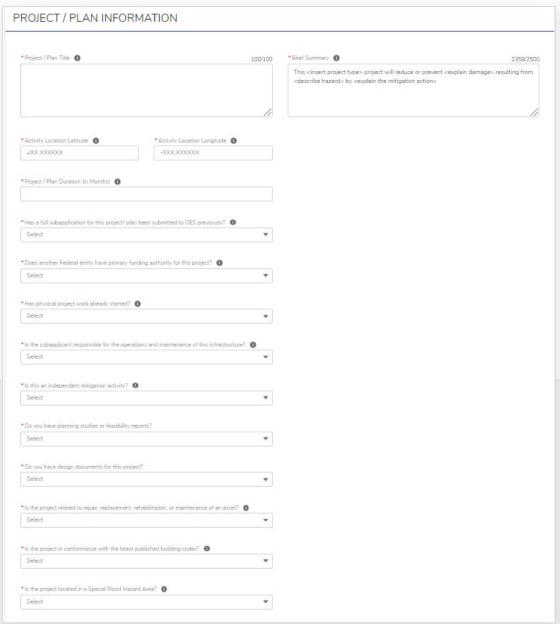
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# **BRIC Project Information Section**





# **BRIC Project and C&CB Information**



Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Project Title	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Explains how to name the project</li> <li>Too often, titles are vague or include ineligible information</li> <li>Start with BRIC / FMA 2022</li> <li>Subapplicant name and brief description of mitigation activity</li> </ul>
Brief Summary	Yes	Mandatory	Formatted to assist SA to answer the Q and provide a brief overview
Activity location	Yes	Mandatory	Describes the lat/long format of the location and project benefitting area
Project Duration (in months)	Yes	Mandatory	Explains the period of performance; BRIC projects can be longer than 36 months with a reasonable explanation; should include 3 months for grant closeout



# **BRIC Project and C&CB Information**



Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Has the project been submitted previously?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Lists other potential sources of funding</li> <li>If yes, the SA should provide the program and project number (example, HMGP DR 4482)</li> <li>Question seeks to reduce duplication and/or to help track duplicated projects</li> </ul>
Duplication of Programs (DOP)	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If another agency has primary authority (yes answer), the project may not be eligible more information is needed</li> <li>If the SA answers yes, SA should provide the program</li> <li>A yes response will likely trigger the need for a follow-up call, email, or RFI</li> </ul>
Has work begun?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If work has started (yes answer), the project may not be eligible more information is needed</li> <li>If the SA answers yes, SA should describe the work that has already begun</li> <li>A yes response will likely trigger the need for a follow-up call, email, or RFI</li> </ul>



# **BRIC Project Only Information Section**

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Is SA responsible for O&M?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If SA is not responsible (no answer), the project may not be eligible more information is needed</li> <li>If no, who is responsible for the O+M</li> <li>A no response will likely trigger the need for a follow-up call, email, or RFI</li> </ul>
Independent mitigation solution	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If not an independent mitigation solution (no answer), the project may not be eligible more information is needed</li> <li>If no, what is it dependent on?</li> <li>A no response will likely trigger the need for a follow-up call, email, or RFI</li> </ul>



# **BRIC Project Information Section**

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Planning studies/feasibility reports	No	Mandatory	<ul> <li>SA lists documents available</li> <li>Helps to determine if the project should be <b>phased</b></li> </ul>
Design documents	No	Mandatory	<ul> <li>SA lists documents available</li> <li>Helps to determine if the project should be <b>phased</b></li> </ul>
Is the project repair, replacement, or maintenance?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If the project is any of the above (yes answer), the project may not be eligible more information is needed</li> <li>If the project does not have a level of protection increase, it is not an eligible mitigation project</li> </ul>
Is the project in conformance with the latest published building codes? (Project + C&CB)?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Ensures that the project is feasible in that it meets current code and is not in violation of current code</li> <li>A no answer may trigger the need for follow-up as the project may be ineligible</li> <li>If SA answers no, they should explain why the project is not in conformance with current codes</li> </ul>
Is the project in the Special Flood Hazard Area (Project + C&CB)?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If the project is in the SFHA (yes answer), the project may need further evaluation</li> <li>Good floodplain management discourages new building in the SFHA</li> <li>Flood insurance and code requirements may need to be met (EO 11988 and 500-year construction requirement)</li> <li>See new FEMA policy, FEMA Policy FP-206-21-0003</li> </ul>



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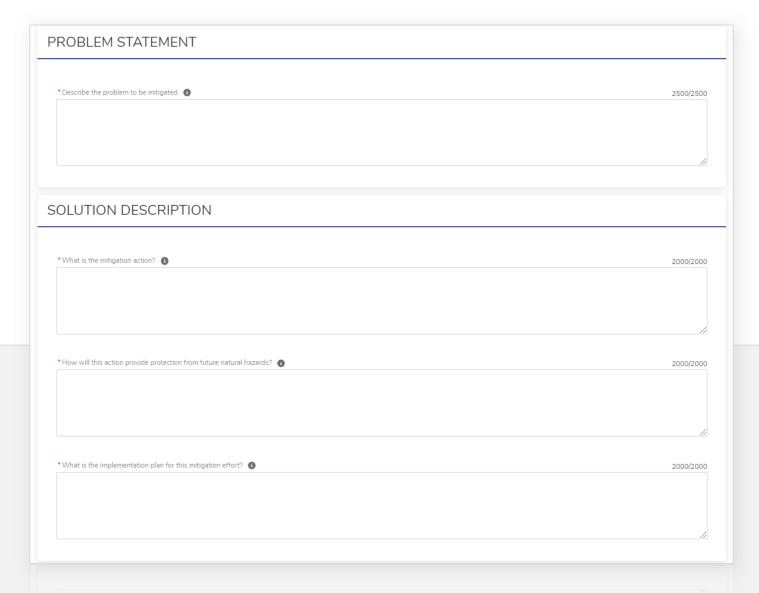
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# BRIC Problem Statement & Solution Description Section: Project and C&CB





## **BRIC Problem Statement Section**

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Describe the problem to be mitigated	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Damages must be caused by a natural hazard</li> <li>Detailed description of the problem</li> <li>Location and extent of the problem</li> <li>What is the frequency of the damages and how long has the problem been going on?</li> <li>Dates of events (history of the hazard)</li> <li>Looking for quantitative and qualitative description of hazard impacts</li> <li>Types of damage (loss of function/service and physical damage)</li> <li>Is the problem causing death, injury, and property damage?</li> <li>Cost of damages or service/function disruption or loss</li> <li>Are critical assets/infrastructure being damaged?</li> <li>What studies / analysis have been completed to determine extent of hazard?</li> </ul>



# **BRIC Solution Description Section**



- What is the mitigation solution?
- What is being protected by the mitigation solution?
- Does it include a level of protection increase?
- Does the mitigation solution seem to address the mitigation problem?
- Level of details for the mitigation solution (is it designed?)
- What happens if the mitigation action (project) is not constructed?
- Does the scope include any ineligible activities?

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional
What is the mitigation action?	Yes	Mandatory
How does the action protect against natural hazards?	Yes	Mandatory



## **BRIC Solution Description Section**

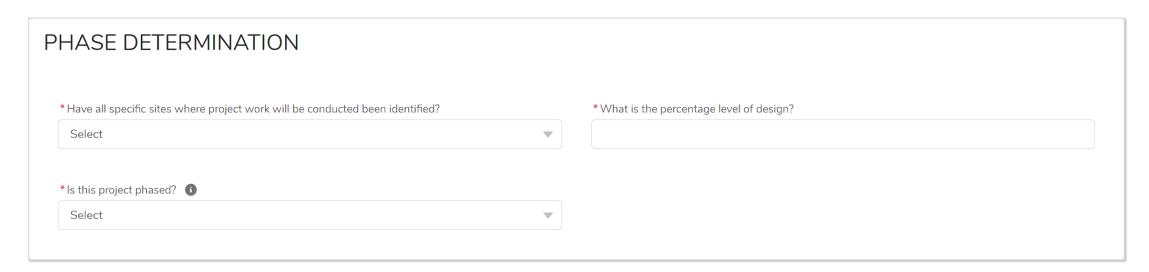


- Who is managing the project (in house or consultants)? Is procurement addressed?
- Are they seeking management costs to help to implement the grant?
- Does the implementation plan seem reasonable given the scope of the proposed mitigation solution (right sized)?

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional
What is the implementation plan for the mitigation action?	Yes	Mandatory



### Phase Determination (Only Applicable for Projects – C&CB Write No)



Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant
Have all specific sites where project work will be conducted been identified?	No	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>Helps to determine if the project should be <b>phased</b></li> </ul>
What is the percentage level of design?	No	Mandatory	<ul> <li>0%, 10%, 30%, 60%, 90%, and/or 100%</li> <li>If under 60%, the project needs to be phased</li> </ul>
Is this project phased?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>If all sites are not known and/or project is under 60% design, the project must be phased</li> </ul>



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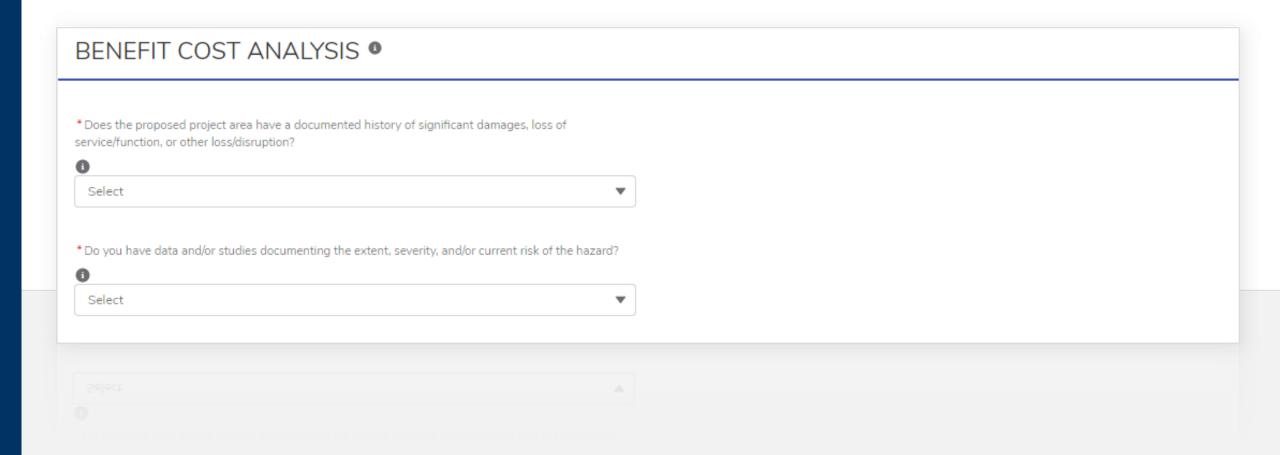
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# **BRIC Benefit Cost Analysis Section: Project Only**







# **BRIC Benefit Cost Analysis Section: Project Only**



- These two questions are to help get better visibility into how well documented and quantified the risk/hazard is
- Since cost-effectiveness is mandatory and time intensive, we ask these questions to gleam a bit more information into the potential BCA
- Subapplicants should list what information is available
- If a SA does not seem to have any documentation, the project may struggle to be cost-effective as credible documentation is the foundation for "good" BCAs

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional
Documented history of hazards	Yes	Mandatory
Studies documenting the severity and impact	Yes	Mandatory



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# **BRIC Activity Costs Section: Project and C&CB**



#### **ACTIVITY COSTS**

Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) funds my be used to pay a percentage of eligible costs (Federal Request Share). The remaining percentage of eligible costs is the financial responsibility of the subapplicant (Non-Federal Cost Share, often referred to as Subapplicant Match)

HMA Program	Percentage of Federal Request Share	Percentage of Non-Federal Cost Share
Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)	75	25
BRIC- if the subapplicant fits the definitation of a small impoverished community	90	10

*Total Activity Cost (\$) 1	*Non-Federal Cost Share (\$)
*Federal Share Request (\$) 1	* Percentage of Non-Federal Cost Share
	*Source of Non-Federal Cost Share 1
*Percentage of Federal Request Share	



# **BRIC Activity Costs Section: Project and C&CB**



Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant	
Total activity "project" cost	Yes	Mandatory	When the SA enters the cost, the remaining fields are auto-populated (minus source Q)	
Non-Federal share "local match"	Yes	Mandatory	Must be at least 25%	
Federal share	Yes	Mandatory	What FEMA provides	
Percent of non-federal share	No	Mandatory	What the SA provides (overmatch for BRIC is 30% or 12%)	
Source of non-federal share	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Asked to ensure the non-federal share is an eligible source (local, State, in-kind, donation, etc.)</li> <li>If a federal source, it needs to be a federal source that loses its federal identify like HUD CDBG-DR</li> <li>Must be available at time of subapplication submission</li> </ul>	



## Prepare California Match Initiative Eligibility

- Subapplicants may be eligible to receive Prepare California Match, which provides local match (25%, 10% non-federal cost share) to qualified entities for competitive projects and project scoping activities
- Scoping activities need to include:
  - Nature-based solutions and provide flood risk reduction for NFIP structures
    - Other C&CB activities will not be prioritized for Match funding (ex: plan development and/or partnership development)
- Competitive projects must:
  - Be aligned with the prioritization scoring criteria
  - Demonstrate effective risk reduction and resiliency, community wide
  - Incorporate nature-based solutions, ancillary benefits, and future conditions
  - Well-defined implementation plan
  - Project will directly benefit / protect a socially vulnerable community

#### **Eligibility:**

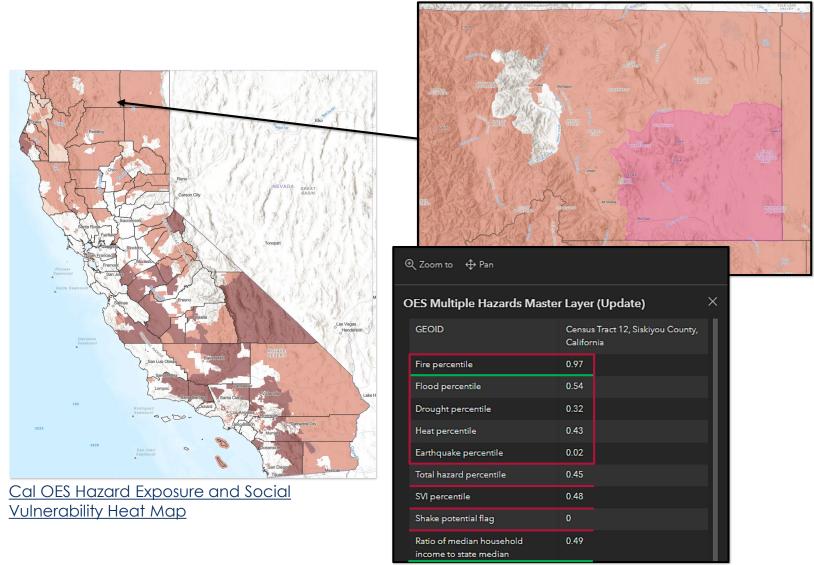
- State agencies, counties, cities, special districts and tribal governments
- Must protect a community considered socially vulnerable and at high hazard risk using Cal **OES Hazard Exposure and Social** Vulnerability Heat Map

#### **Keep In Mind:**

Subapplicants that do not meet the criteria for Prepare California Match, are still able to apply for BRIC and FMA, but will be responsible for the non-federal cost share



### Prepare California Match Map





#### **Eligibility Criteria**

 Above 0.70 in the SVI percentile

 Less than 0.80 in the "ratio of median household income to state median"

- and -

Above 0.85 in any of the five hazard categories,

- or -

 Above 0.70 in overall hazard exposure,

 Have 1g or higher in the shake potential flag category

### Prepare California Match Considerations

- To be most competitive, the **hazard and project should align** meaning, if the high hazard is flooding (70<sup>th</sup> percentile or above), that the project submitted for Prepare California consideration should be a flood project.
- The **project's benefiting area** must be eligible this can sometimes differ from the project's location.
- Only subapplicants eligible for BRIC / FMA (FEMA's criteria) are eligible for the Prepare California Match.
  - Per FEMA, PNPs, businesses, and individuals are not eligible.
  - Must apply as a subapplicant through Cal OES to be eligible for the Prepare California Match.
- The eligible subapplicant MUST have a hazard mitigation plan approved and adopted by 12/2/22. There are no exceptions.



## Prepare California Match Notice of Interest (NOI)

- Title your NOI as follows, Prepare California Match: BRIC or FMA 2022 Subapplicant name and activity. Example – Prepare California Match BRIC 2022 Muccio County Floodplain Restoration & Levee Resiliency Project
- In the brief summary, note the area that will benefit from the project. Include the census **tract** number(s) for the project benefiting area in this summary
- For the lat / long, note the project's benefiting area. This will be checked against the Prepare California Match map to verify eligibility for the Match program
- For the NOI's source of non-federal cost share, write in "State Funding through Prepare California Match"
- Include Prepare California Match criteria and priorities from the NOFO in the NOI (SRL/RL, BCEGS, NBS, climate adaptive, infrastructure, high-impact, community wide scale, etc.) – utilize the what is the mitigation action field
- If the NOI is approved, Cal OES will give further instructions on how / where to include the Prepare California Match information in the FEMA GO subapplication



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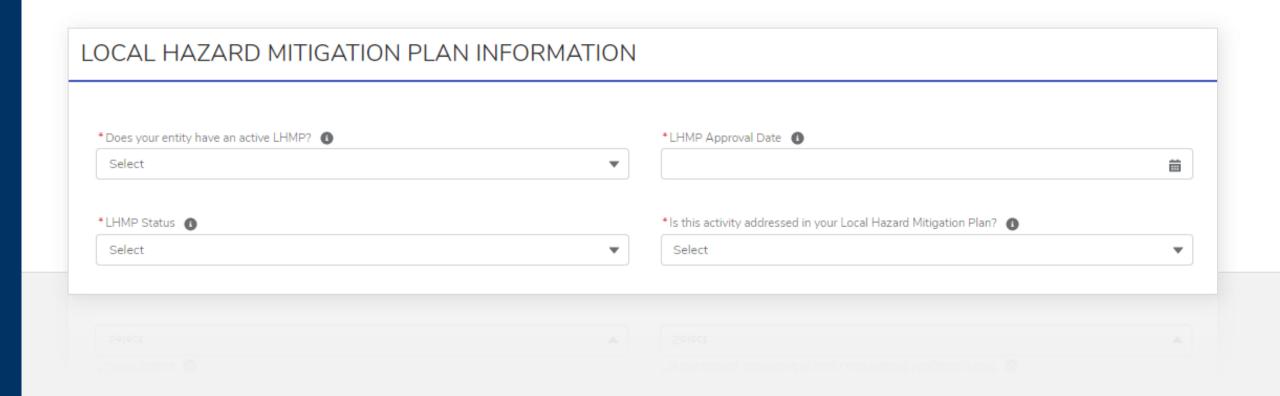
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FMA Differences



# **BRIC Local Hazard Mitigation Plan Information** Section: Project and C&CB







# **BRIC Local Hazard Mitigation Plan Information** Section: Project and C&CB



Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant	
Does SA have an active LHMP?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If SA answers no, the project may not be eligible</li> <li>The LHMP needs to be approved and adopted at time of application submission and grant award for BRIC / FMA</li> </ul>	
LHMP approval date	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>If the date is not within the last 5 years, the project may not be eligible</li> <li>If the date is approaching 5 years, this will be flagged in the NOI review and clarified with the subapplicant</li> </ul>	
LHMP status	Yes	Mandatory	Answers include not started, in dev, OES review, FEMA review, pending adoption, and adopted	
Is project addressed in your LHMP?	Yes	Mandatory	While OES likes to see a link between the HM plan and the project, this is not a requirement. A no answer does not make the project ineligible	



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FMA Differences

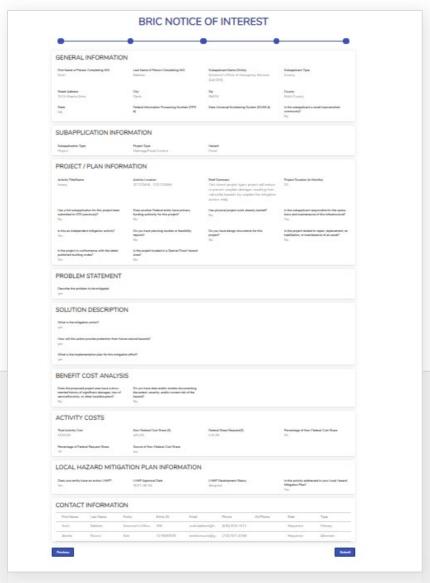


### **BRIC Contact Information Section: Project and C&CB**

- Need to add second Point of Contact
- Must be at least two POCs on the NOI (one should be the responsible rep)

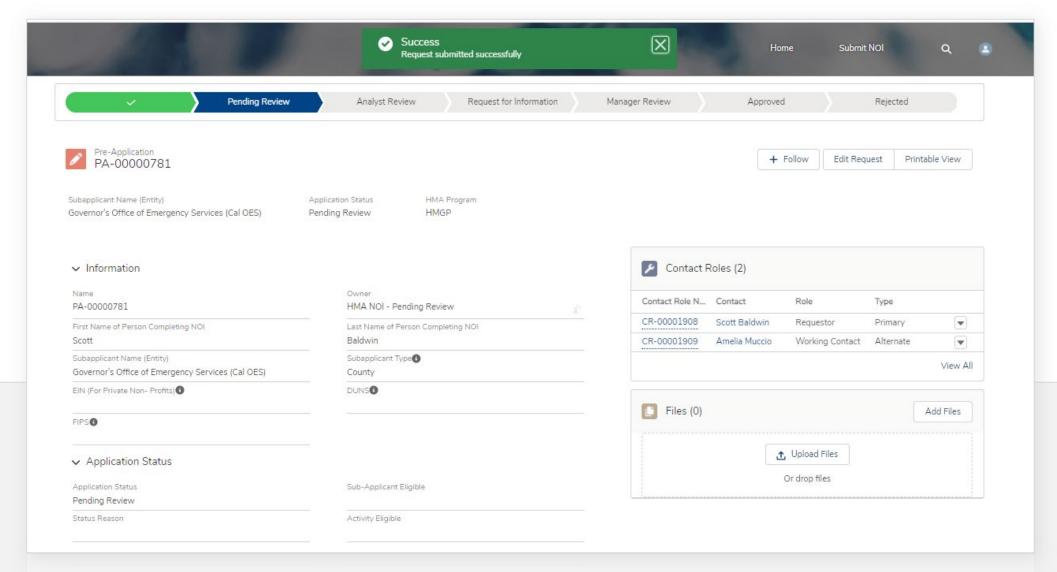


### **BRIC NOI Form**





### Click Submit, and...





General Information

Subapplication Information

Project Information

Problem and Solution

Benefit-Cost Analysis

Activity Costs & Prepare California Match

Local Hazard Mitigation Plan Information

**Contact Information** 

**FMA Differences** 



### Changes for the FMA NOI

- The FY 2022 FMA program had many new changes including new eligible project types
- Cal OES is updating the FMA NOI form and subapplicants should be able to log on to complete a FMA NOI by 9/2 or early next week
- Community flood mitigation project is now localized flood risk reduction project
- Flood hazard mitigation planning is now multi-hazard mitigation plans (\$25K fed share)
- Other activities should select project scoping (SRL /RL strategy plan, partnership, etc.)
- Project scoping (C&CB) and individual flood mitigation project
- NOI will not ask about small impoverished community / EDRC status
- Depending on the subapplication information selected, the project types will differ

Examples:
Planning subapplications for the flood hazard component of State, Local, Territory, and Tribal (SLTT) Hazard Mitigation Plans and plan updates.
Activities include developing community flood mitigation projects and/or individual flood mitigation projects that will subsequently reduce flood claims against the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). Eligible activities must benefit NFIP insured properties. Examples include, but are not limited to: conducting meetings, outreach and coordination with subapplicants and community residents, developing or conducting engineering, environmental feasibility and/or benefit cost analyses, undertaking activities that lead to development of project applications, evaluating facilities to identify mitigation actions, and using staff or resources to develop cost share strategies.
Projects that address community flood risk for the purpose of reducing NFIP flood claim payments. Eligible activities must benefit NFIP insured properties. Examples include, but are not limited to: localized flood control, floodwater storage and diversion, floodplain and stream restoration, stormwater management, and wetland restoration/creation.



### **Differences for FMA**

• Project information will have a few different questions

Field	Hover Tip?	Mandatory or Optional	Tips for Subapplicant	
Good standing with NFIP	Yes	Mandatory	If SA answers no, the project may not be eligible	
NFIP community number	Yes	Mandatory	Hover tips explains what the six digit NFIP number is	
Are structures insured under NFIP?	Yes	Mandatory	If SA answers no, the project may not be eligible	
Does project mitigate SRL and RL?	Yes	Mandatory	<ul> <li>Answers are RL, SRL, both, or no</li> <li>If a no answer, the project is likely not competitive in FMA</li> </ul>	



### Differences for FMA

- The activity costs will differ
- Select RL if applying as a disadvantaged community (CDC SVI 0.5001 or above)

HMA Program	Percentage of Federal Share	Percentage of Non-Federal Cost
		Share
FMA- Projects that the benefiting area meets	90	10
CDC Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) score		
criteria of > .5001		

#### **ACTIVITY COSTS** Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) funds my be used to pay a percentage of eligible costs (Federal Request Share). The remaining percentage of eligible costs is the financial responsibility of the subapplicant (Non-Federal Cost Share, often referred to as Subapplicant Match) HMA Program Percentage of Federal Request Share Percentage of Non-Federal Cost Share 75 25 Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) FMA - If the project mitigates a repetitive loss (RL) property 90 10 FMA - If the project mitigates a severe repetitive loss (SRL) property 100 0 \*Total Activity Cost (\$) \*Non-Federal Cost Share (\$) \* Federal Share Request (\$) \* Percentage of Non-Federal Cost Share \*Source of Non-Federal Cost Share 1 \*Percentage of Federal Request Share



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FMA Differences



### Eligibility and Common Reasons for Follow-Up

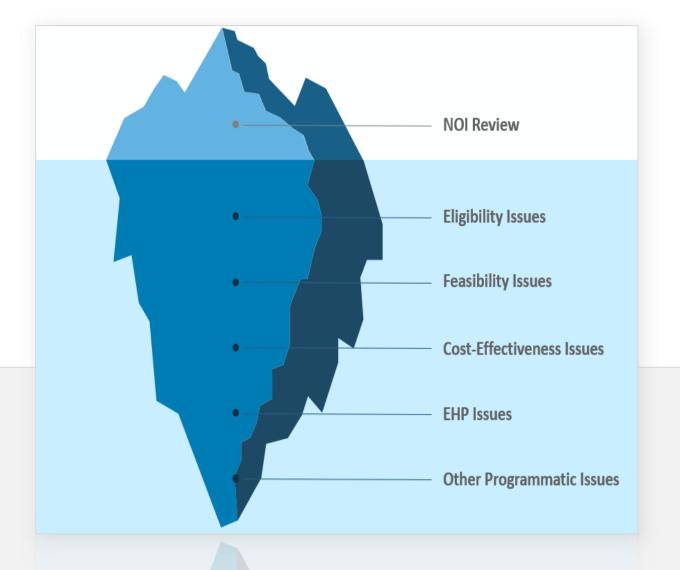
- Subapplication type is incorrect
- Project and hazard do not match
- Project title is ineligible
- POP is missing grant closeout
- There is a DOP
- Work has started
- SA is not responsible for O & M
- Not an independent mitigation solution
- Based on information in the NOI, the project needs to be phased
- Lacks a level of protection increase

- Does not mitigate a natural hazard
- Project is not compliant with code
- Project is in the SFHA
- The problem and mitigation solution are not aligned
- The mitigation scope is vague or missing
- NOI contains ineligible HMA language or ineligible activities
- Local match amount is incorrect or local match source is not eligible
- LHMP is expired or near expiring



### **NOIs are Triaging Tools**

Not meant to be full eligibility, feasibility, and cost-effectiveness screening but meant to help the subapplicant determine if the project meets the minimum eligibility criteria and raise potential issues EARLY in the process (rather than after subapplication development and subapplication submission)





### **BRIC and FMA Timeline 2022-2023**

2022



#### **AUGUST**

- FY 2021 competitive project selections are announced
- FEMA NOFOs 8/12/2022
- Issue 2 CFR 200 compliant RFPs for subapplication support if needed

#### **SEPTEMBER**

- Cal OES NOI period opens from 9/1/2022 to 9/16/2022
- FEMA GO opens 9/30/2022

#### **OCTOBER** -**DECEMBER**

- Cal OES provides technical assistance and webinars to subapplicants with approved **NOIs**
- Develop subapplications (due to OES on December 2. 2022)
- Respond to Cal OFS RFIs as needed

#### **JANUARY**

2023

 Cal OES finalizes subapplications to be submitted to FEMA by **January 25, 2023** 

#### MARCH -MAY

- C&CB Rd I announced
- FEMA reviews subapplications for eligibility / technical scoring criteria
- National **Technical Review** (NTR) reviews competitive subapplications
- Qualitative review panels are convened

#### **AUGUST**

- 2022 competitive projects adjudicated, and selections are announced
- FEMA NOFO for BRIC and FMA 2023 expected in mid-August



