

Fiscal Year 2022 Homeland Security Grant Program

California Supplement to the Federal Notice of Funding Opportunity

September 2022

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Federal Program Announcement	In May 2022, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)/Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) issued the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022 Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP), <u>Notice of Funding Opportunity</u> (NOFO) and the FEMA <u>Preparedness Grants Manual</u> .
	Subrecipients must follow the programmatic requirements in the NOFO, FEMA Preparedness Grants Manual, and the applicable provisions of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards located in <u>Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), Part 200</u> .
Information Bulletins	DHS issues Information Bulletins (IBs) to provide updates, clarification, and new requirements throughout the life of the grant.
Grant Management Memoranda	Cal OES issues <u>Grant Management Memoranda</u> (GMMs) which provide additional information and requirements regarding HSGP funds.
Purpose of the California Supplement	The FY 2022 HSGP California Supplement to the NOFO (State Supplement) is intended to complement, rather than replace, the NOFO and the FEMA <u>Preparedness Grants Manual</u> . Applicants are highly encouraged to thoroughly read the NOFO and the Preparedness Grants Manual before referring to the State Supplement. The State Supplement will emphasize differences between the FY 2021 and FY 2022 HSGP and highlight additional California policies and requirements applicable to FY 2022 HSGP.
Eligible Subrecipients	Eligible Applicants, referred to as Subrecipients, include Counties/Operational Areas (OAs), Urban Areas (UAs), State Agencies (SAs), Departments, Commissions, and Boards who have or can obtain appropriate state Department of Finance budget authority for awarded funds, and federally recognized tribes located in California.
Tribal Allocations	The NOFO strongly encourages Cal OES to provide HSGP funds directly to tribes in California. To implement this requirement, a special Request for Proposal will be issued to California's federally recognized tribes. All Subrecipients are encouraged to coordinate with tribal governments to ensure that tribal needs are considered in their grant applications.

Subrecipient Allocations	FY 2022 HSGP Subrecipient final allocations are provided in Attachment A and reflect reductions to Subrecipients who did not submit minimum thresholds for National Priority Areas, including Subrecipients opting out of the award altogether, and increases to Subrecipients that are helping meet statewide minimum level National Priority Area requirements.
Supplanting	Grant funds must be used to supplement existing funds, not replace (supplant) funds that have been appropriated for the same purpose. Subrecipients may be required to provide supporting documentation that certifies a reduction in non- federal resources that occurred for reasons other than the receipt or expected receipt of federal funds. Supplanting will result in the disallowance of the activity associated with this improper use of federal grant funds.
Public/Private Organizations	Subrecipients may contract with other public or private organizations to perform eligible activities on approved HSGP projects.
Debarred/ Suspended Parties	Subrecipients must not make or permit any award (subaward or contract) at any tier, to any party, that is debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from, or ineligible for, participation in federal assistance programs.
	Subrecipients must obtain documentation of eligibility before making any subaward or contract using HSGP funds and must be prepared to present supporting documentation to monitors/auditors.
	Before entering into a Grant Subaward, the Subrecipient must notify Cal OES if it knows if any of the principals under the subaward fall under one or more of the four criteria listed at <u>2 C.F.R. § 180.335</u> . The rule also applies to Subrecipients who pass through funding to other local entities.
	If at any time after accepting a subaward, Subrecipients learn that any of its principals fall under one or more of the criteria listed at <u>2 C.F.R. § 180.335</u> , immediate written notice must be provided to Cal OES and all grant activities halted until further instructions are received from Cal OES. The rule also applies to subawards passed through by Subrecipients to local entities.

Key Changes to the FY 2022 HSGP

National Priority Areas: There are six National Priority Areas (NPAs) for FY 2022 compared to five in FY2021: one NPA was removed and two were added. SHSP and UASI applicants must include one Investment Justification (IJ) for each NPA that has a minimum spend requirement, where applicable. For the NPAs with no minimum spend requirement, the Department of Homeland Security strongly encourages recipients to make investments in those areas as they are of critical national concern. For those NPAs that have an associated minimum spend, all projects related to meeting the minimum spend for those NPAs must be included in the same IJ.

The six NPAs, along with the relevant minimum spend requirement, are:

- Enhancing information and intelligence sharing and cooperation with federal agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security – 3% minimum;
- Enhancing the protection of soft targets/crowded places 3% minimum;
- Enhancing cybersecurity no minimum requirement;
- **NEW**: Enhancing community preparedness and resilience 3% minimum;
- Combating domestic violent extremism 3% minimum;
- **NEW**: Enhancing election security no minimum requirement.

Unique Entity Identifier: Effective April 4, 2022, the Federal Government transitioned from using the Data Universal Numbering System or DUNS number, to a new, non-proprietary identifier known as a Unique Entity Identifier or UEI.

Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Activities: Increased from 25% to 30% of the subaward.

Investment Justifications: Investments are updated for FY 2022.

Build America, Buy America Act (BABAA): The BABAA requires all federal agencies, including FEMA, to ensure by May 14, 2022, that no federal financial assistance for "infrastructure" projects is provided "unless all of the iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used in the project are produced in the United States."

For FY22 Awards, the BABAA requirement is waived.

FY 2022 National Priorities	DHS/FEMA annually publishes the <u>National Preparedness Report</u> (NPR) to report national progress in building, sustaining, and delivering the core capabilities outlined in the goal of a secure and resilient nation. This analysis provides a national perspective on critical preparedness trends for whole community partners to use to inform program priorities, allocate resources, and communicate with stakeholders about issues of concern.
	HSGP Subrecipients are required to prioritize grant funding to demonstrate how investments support closing capability gaps or sustaining capabilities identified in the Threat Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (THIRA)/Stakeholder Preparedness Review (SPR) process.
	DHS/FEMA continually assess changes to the threat landscape to further the National Preparedness Goal (NPG) of a secure and resilient nation. The following are national priority areas for FY 2022, including the corresponding percentage of funds required in each area:
	 Enhancing information and intelligence sharing and cooperation with federal agencies, including DHS – 3%; Enhancing the protection of soft targets/crowded places - 3%; Enhancing cybersecurity – no minimum; Enhancing community preparedness and resilience – 3% Combating domestic violent extremism through enhanced intelligence collection & analysis, training, and community resilience – 3%; and Enhancing election security – no minimum.
	The NPA specifically addressing emerging threats has been removed, but activities in this category remain allowable expenses under other investment areas. Further, applicants must spend a minimum of 30% of their SHSP and UASI awards across the six NPAs but have new flexibility on how that funding is allocated. Although 12% is required in minimum spending across four NPAs, as noted above, the remaining 18% can be allocated across any of the six NPAs. Election security and Enhancing Cybersecurity do not require a minimum allocation.
	National Priority projects will be reviewed for effectiveness by DHS/FEMA and must be deemed effective prior to the obligation or expenditure of funds.

FY 2022 National Priorities (cont.) Priorities (cont.) Projects requiring additional information for DHS/FEMA to determine effectiveness of the project, or projects deemed ineffective, will have a hold placed on their subaward pending submission of requested information and DHS/FEMA approval. Once a project is approved by DHS/FEMA, modifications to the project have special restrictions regarding modifications as indicated below:

Modifications which do not change the project scope and do not decrease the overall project budget can be processed via regular modification request.

Modifications which change the project scope or decrease the overall project budget will require DHS/FEMA approval and must be requested on the National Priority Project Modification Form.

Effectiveness will be evaluated by DHS/FEMA, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, DHS Office of Intelligence and Analysis, DHS Center for Prevention Programs and Partnerships, and/or other DHS components, as appropriate. FEMA will determine whether the proposed approach is clear, logical, and reasonable to address the priority areas of interest and contribute to a culture of national preparedness, based on the following four factors:

- Investment Strategy (40%): Projects will be evaluated based on the quality and extent to which the strategy effectively demonstrates supporting the program objective of preventing, preparing for, protecting against, and responding to acts of terrorism, to meet its target capabilities, and otherwise reduce the overall risk to the high-risk urban area, the state, or the nation.
- **Budget (20%):** Projects will be evaluated based on the extent to which a budget plan for each investment demonstrates how grant expenditures maximize cost effectiveness.

FY 2022 National Priorities (cont.)	• Impact/Outcomes (40%): Projects will be evaluated on how this investment helps the jurisdiction close capability gaps identified in its Stakeholder Preparedness Review and addresses national priorities outlined in the FY 2022 NOFO. Further, proposals will be evaluated on their identification and estimated improvement of core capability(ies), the associated standardized target(s) that align with their proposed investment, and the ways in which improvements are measured and/or evaluated.
	• Past Performance (additional consideration): Projects will be evaluated based on the Subrecipient's demonstrated capability to execute the proposed investments. Under this factor, FEMA will consider the information provided by the Subrecipient and may also consider relevant information from other sources.
	A detailed description of allowable investments for each national priority is included in the <u>FY 2022 HSGP NOFO (Section A).</u>
National Campaigns and Programs	Whole Community Preparedness – Subrecipients should engage with the whole community to advance individual and community preparedness and to work as a nation to build and sustain resilience. In doing so, Subrecipients are encouraged to consider the needs of individuals with access and functional needs and limited English proficiency in the activities and projects funded by the grant.
	Subracipiants should utilize astablished best practices for whole

Subrecipients should utilize established best practices for whole community inclusion and engage with stakeholders to advance individual and jurisdictional preparedness and resilience. Subrecipients are encouraged to consider the necessities of all Californians in the activities and projects funded by the grant, including children, seniors, individuals with disabilities or access and functional needs, individuals with diverse culture and language use, individuals with lower economic capacity, and other underserved populations. National Campaigns and Programs (cont.) Active Shooter Preparedness – DHS developed a comprehensive Active Shooter Preparedness website, which strives to enhance national preparedness through a whole-community approach by providing the necessary products, tools, and resources to help all stakeholders prepare for and respond to an active shooter incident. Subrecipients are encouraged to review the referenced active shooter resources and evaluate their preparedness needs.

Soft Targets and Crowded Places – States, territories, UAs, and public and private sector partners are encouraged to identify security gaps and build capabilities that address security needs and challenges related to protecting locations or environments that are easily accessible to large numbers of people on a predictable or semi-predictable basis that have limited security or protective measures in place, including town centers, shopping malls, open-air venues, outside hard targets/venue perimeters, and other places of meeting and gathering . For more information, please see DHS's <u>Hometown Security Program</u>.

Community Lifelines – FEMA created Community Lifelines to reframe incident information and impacts using plain language and unity of effort to enable the integration of preparedness efforts, existing plans, and identifies unmet needs to better anticipate response requirements. Additional information may be found at the <u>Community Lifelines Implementation Toolkit website</u>.

Strategic Framework for Countering Terrorism and Targeted Violence – DHS adopted the <u>DHS Strategic Framework for</u> <u>Countering Terrorism and Targeted Violence</u> which explains how the department will use the tools and expertise that have protected and strengthened the country from foreign terrorist organizations to address the evolving challenges of today.

Countering Violent Extremism (CVE) Training - Foreign terrorist groups and individual terrorist thought leaders recruit or inspire Westerners to carry out attacks against western and U.S. targets, including individuals living in communities with the U.S. via, but not limited to, print, video, and social media, as well as through personal interaction. But we also know that violent extremism is not a phenomenon restricted solely to one community and that any effort to counter violent extremism must be applicable to all ideologically motivated violence. Efforts to provide information and training regarding CVE should emphasize the strength of local communities' approach.

National Cybersecurity Review	The <u>National Cybersecurity Review (NCSR)</u> is a required assessment for all Subrecipients of State Homeland Security Program (SHSP) and Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI) funding to be completed between October and December 2022.
	The NCSR is a no-cost, anonymous, and annual self-assessment designed to measure gaps and capabilities of state, local, tribal, territorial, nonprofit, and private sector agencies' cybersecurity programs.
	Additionally, FEMA recognizes that some subawards will not be issued until after the NCSR has closed. In these cases, Subrecipients will be required to complete the first available NCSR offered after the subaward has been issued by Cal OES.
	The Chief Information Officer (CIO), Chief Information Security Officer (CISO), or equivalent should complete the NCSR. If there is no CIO or CISO, the most senior cybersecurity professional should complete the assessment. Additional information may be found in <u>IB 439</u> and <u>429a.</u>
NIMS Implementation	Prior to the allocation of any federal preparedness awards, Subrecipients must ensure and maintain the adoption and implementation of the <u>National Incident Management System</u> (NIMS).
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Activities	A minimum of 30% of the total subaward amount must be dedicated to Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Activities (LETPA). Activities outlined in the National Prevention Framework and National Protection Framework are eligible for use of LETPA- focused funds. Additionally, investments that support LETPA can also support an NPA. All other terrorism prevention activities proposed for funding under LETPA must be formally pre-approved by FEMA. Refer to <u>IB 473</u> for additional information.
Management and Administration	The Management and Administration (M&A) allowance for Subrecipients is set at a maximum of 5% for FY 2022 HSGP.
Indirect Costs	Indirect costs are allowable under the FY 2022 HSGP Grant Award. Subrecipients who claim indirect costs may do so, provided they use one of the following two methods:

Indirect Costs (cont.)	 Subrecipients with an indirect cost rate approved by their cognizant federal agency may claim indirect costs based on the established rate. Indirect costs claimed must be calculated using the base approved in the indirect cost negotiation agreement. A copy of the approved negotiation agreement is required at the time of application.
	2. Subrecipients who have never received a negotiated indirect cost rate and receive less than \$35 million in direct federal funding per year may claim the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate based on Modified Total Direct Costs (MTDC) as defined in <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.1</u> and Subpart E.
	Indirect costs are <i>in addition to</i> the M&A allowance and must be included in the Grant Award application as a "Project" and reflected in the Financial Management Forms Workbook (FMFW) on the Indirect cost category ledger if being claimed under the award.
	Indirect costs must be based on the claimed direct project costs, excluding equipment expenditures and other distorting items. Up to \$25,000 of each subaward may be included as a direct project cost when calculating indirect costs based on MTDC.
	Indirect costs must be claimed no more than once annually, and only at the end of the Subrecipient's fiscal year. An exception to this rule applies if there is a mid-year change to the approved indirect cost rate; in this case, costs incurred to date must be claimed. At that time, a Grant Subaward Modification reflecting the rate change must also be submitted to Cal OES, along with a copy of the new indirect cost rate agreement.
Organization Costs - Overtime	Operational overtime costs are allowable for increased security measures at critical infrastructure sites if associated with detecting, deterring, disrupting, and preventing acts of terrorism and other catastrophic events.
	Pursuant to page A-4 of the <u>Preparedness Grants Manual</u> , all operational overtime requests must clearly explain how the request meets the criteria of one or more of the categories listed in Table 2: Authorized Operational Overtime Categories.
	Requests must address the threat environment as it relates to the event or activity requiring operational overtime support and explains how the overtime activity is responsive to the threat.

Organization Costs – Overtime (cont.)	Post-event operational overtime requests will only be considered on a case-by-case basis, where it is demonstrated exigent circumstances prevented submission of a request in advance of the event or activity. Requests for overtime costs must be submitted to Cal OES via the Allowability Request Form at the time of application, if the activity will occur within one year of the final application submission. All subsequent requests must be submitted at least 60 days in advance of the activity. All operational overtime costs must be formally pre-approved in writing by DHS (FEMA)
	writing by DHS/FEMA.

Personnel Cap Pursuant to <u>6 U.S.C. § 609(b)</u>, SHSP and UASI funds may be used for personnel costs, totaling up to 50 percent of <u>each fund</u> <u>source</u>. A Subrecipient may request this requirement be waived by DHS/FEMA, via Cal OES. Requests for personnel cap waivers must be submitted separately for each fund source in writing to the Program Representative on official letterhead, with the following information:

- Documentation explaining why the cap should be waived;
- Conditions under which the request is being submitted; and
 - A <u>budget</u> **and** <u>method</u> of calculation of personnel costs both in <u>percentages</u> of the Grant Award **and** in <u>total dollar amount</u> (waivers must be calculated separately for SHSP and UASI, outlining salary, fringe benefits, and any M&A costs).

Subrecipient requests to exceed the personnel cap must be received by Cal OES at the time of application. Subaward modifications impacting the personnel cap will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and may require the submittal of the abovementioned information.

Please see <u>IB 421b</u> for more information on the waiver process.

EquipmentAllowable HSGP equipment is listed on the FEMA AuthorizedTyping/Equipment List (AEL) website.IdentificationSubrecipients that allocate HSGP funds towards equipment are
required to type and identify the capability associated with that
equipment. The FEMA Resource Typing Library Tool (RTLT) can be

used to help determine the type and capability.

Equipment Typing/ Identification and Use (cont.)	Per FEMA policy, the purchase of weapons and weapon accessories are not allowed with HSGP funds. Special rules apply to pharmaceutical purchases, medical countermeasures, and critical emergency supplies; refer to page A-10 of the Preparedness Grants Manual for additional information.
	Expenditures for general purpose equipment are allowable if they align to and support one or more core capabilities identified in the NPG, and in addition, are deployable/sharable through the Emergency Management Assistance Compact and allowable under 6 U.S.C. § 609. Refer to the NOFO and Preparedness Grants Manual for examples of allowable general-purpose equipment.
Equipment Maintenance/ Sustainment	Use of HSGP funds for maintenance contracts, warranties, repair or replacement costs, upgrades, and user fees are allowable as described in FEMA <u>IBs 336</u> and <u>379</u> , as well as Grant Programs Directorate (GPD) Policy <u>FP-205-402-125-1</u> .
Emergency Communications Projects	All Subrecipient emergency communications projects must comply with the SAFECOM Guidance on Emergency Communications Grants and describe in their FMFW how such activities align with the goals of the Statewide Communications Interoperability Plan.
Telecom Equipment and Services Prohibitions	Effective August 13, 2020, section 889(f)(2)-(3) of the John S. <u>McCain National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2019 (NDAA)</u> and <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.216</u> prohibit DHS/FEMA Recipients and Subrecipients (including their contractors and subcontractors) from using any FEMA funds under open or new awards for the following telecommunications equipment or services:
	 Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation, (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities); For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities); Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or

Telecom Equipment and Services Prohibitions (cont.)	4) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the People's Republic of China.
	Please see <u>FEMA Policy #405-143-1</u> for additional information.
Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems	All requests to purchase Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems (SUAS) with FEMA grant funding must comply with <u>IB 426</u> and include copies of the policies and procedures in place to safeguard individuals' privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties of the jurisdiction that will purchase, take title to, or otherwise use the SUAS equipment. The Authorized Equipment Listing for <u>03OE-07-SUAS</u> details questions that must be included in the Aviation Request justification. Please reference <u>Presidential Memorandum</u> : <u>Promoting Economic Competitiveness While Safeguarding</u> <u>Privacy, Civil Rights, and Civil Liberties in Domestic Use of</u> <u>Unmanned Aircraft Systems</u> and contact your Program Representative for additional information.
Emergency Operations Plans	Subrecipients must update their Emergency Operations Plan at least once every two years to remain compliant with the <u>Comprehensive Preparedness Guide 101 version 2.0</u> .
Conflict of Interest	To eliminate and reduce the impact of conflicts of interest in the subaward process, Subrecipients and pass-through entities must follow their own policies and procedures regarding the elimination or reduction of conflicts of interest when making subawards. Subrecipients and pass-through entities are also required to follow any applicable federal, state, local, and tribal statutes or regulations governing conflicts of interest in the making of subawards.

BABAA The BABA Act requires all federal agencies, including FEMA, to ensure by May 14, 2022, that no federal financial assistance for "infrastructure" projects is provided "unless all of the iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used in the project are produced in the United States." For FY 2022 this requirement has been waived. Additional information for the BABA Act is available here.

FY 2022 Investments	The State prioritized the following investment strategies for the FY 2022 subawards:
	 Enhance Information and Intelligence Sharing and Cooperation with Federal Agencies, including DHS (National Priority); Enhance the Protection of Soft Targets/Crowded Places (National Priority); Enhance Cybersecurity (National Priority); Enhancing Community Preparedness and Resilience (National Priority); Combating Domestic Violent Extremism (National Priority); Strengthen Emergency Communications Capabilities Through Planning, Governance, Technology, and Equipment; Enhance Medical and Public Health Preparedness; Strengthen Information Sharing and Collaboration (non-Fusion Center); Enhance Multi-Jurisdictional/Inter-Jurisdictional All- Hazards/Whole Community Incident Planning, Response & Recovery Capabilities; Protect Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources (includes Food and Agriculture); and Enhance Election Security (National Priority).
California Homeland Security Strategy Goals	 The State prioritized the following California Homeland Security Strategy Goals for the FY 2022 subawards: Enhance Information Collection, Analysis, and Sharing, in Support of Public Safety Operations Across California; Protect Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources from All Threats and Hazards; Strengthen Security and Preparedness Across Cyberspace; Strengthen Communications Capabilities through Planning, Governance, Technology, and Equipment; Enhance Community Preparedness; Enhance Multi-Jurisdictional/Inter-Jurisdictional All-Hazards Incident Catastrophic Planning, Response, and Recovery Capabilities; Improve Medical and Health Capabilities; Enhance Incident Recovery Capabilities; Strengthen Food and Agriculture Preparedness; and Enhance Homeland Security Exercise, Evaluation, and Training Programs.

State Initiative Funding	For FY 2022, Cal OES shall retain 20% of the SHSP and 18.5% of the UASI funding for state initiatives.
"On Behalf Of"	Cal OES may, in conjunction with local approval authorities, designate funds "on behalf of" local entities who choose to decline or fail to utilize their subaward in a timely manner.
Public Alert and Warning	Cal OES encourages Subrecipients to consider the use of this funding to assist their jurisdiction's alignment with the <u>State of</u> <u>California Alert and Warning Guidelines</u> , developed pursuant to Senate Bill 833 of the 2018 Legislative Session.

Financial	
Management	
Forms Workbook	

The FY 2022 Cal OES FMFW includes:

Grant Subaward Face Sheet – Use the Grant Subaward Face Sheet to apply for grant programs. The Grant Subaward Face Sheet must be signed and submitted in portrait format. An active UEI# (Formerly DUNS#) is required. UEI registration information is available <u>sam.gov</u>.

Authorized Body of 5 – Provide the contact information of Authorized Agents (AA), delegated via the GBR or Signature Authorization Form, including staff related to grant activities. More than one person is recommended for designation as the AA; in the absence of an AA, an alternate AA can sign requests.

Project Ledger – The project ledger is used in the application process to submit funding information and is used for submitting cash requests, grant subaward modifications, and assists with the completion of the Biannual Strategy Implementation Report (BSIR).

Planning Ledger – Provides detailed information on grant-funded planning activities with a final product identified.

Organization Ledger – Provides detailed information on grantfunded organizational activities.

Equipment Ledger – Detailed information must be provided under the equipment description for all grant-funded equipment. AEL numbers must be included for all items of equipment. Always refer to the AEL for a list of allowable equipment and conditions, if any.

Training Ledger – Provides detailed information on grant-funded training activities. All training activities must receive Cal OES approval prior to starting the event, including a Training Feedback number. The <u>Training Request Form</u> must be submitted and approved to obtain a Training Feedback number and should be submitted at **least** 30 days in advance.

Exercise Ledger – Provides detailed information on grant-funded exercises.

M&A Ledger – Provides information on grant-funded M&A activities.

Financial Management Forms Workbook (cont.)	Indirect Costs Ledger – Provides information on indirect costs.
	Consultant-Contractor Ledger – Provides detailed information on grant-funded consultants and contractors.
	Authorized Agent Page – The AA Page must be submitted with the application, all cash requests, and Grant Subaward Modifications. The AA Page must include a valid signature on file with Cal OES and the date.
Subrecipient Grants Management Assessment	Per <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.332</u> , Cal OES is required to evaluate the risk of non-compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and grant terms and conditions posed by each Subrecipient of pass- through funding. The <u>Subrecipient Grants Management</u> <u>Assessment Form</u> contains questions related to an organization's experience in the management of federal grant awards. It is used to determine and provide an appropriate level of technical assistance, training, and grant oversight to Subrecipients during the subaward. The questionnaire must be completed and returned with the grant application.
Application Attachments	Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) Financial Disclosure – Use the FFATA Financial Disclosure Form to provide the information required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006.
	Certification Regarding Lobbying – Use the <u>Certification</u> <u>Regarding Lobbying Form</u> to certify lobbying activities, as stipulated by the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment, 31 U.S.C. § 1352.
	Intelligence Analysts Certificates – Pursuant to the Preparedness Grants Manual, Cal OES must have certificates for completion of training for fusion center analytical personnel. Please provide copies of certificates for each intelligence analyst, if applicable.
	UASI Footprint (UASIs Only) – The Urban Area Working Group (UAWG) establishes the 'footprint' of the UA. A map or list defining the footprint must be included with the application.
	UAWG Member Roster (UASIs Only) – A list of all current UAWG members with positions or titles.

Application Attachments (cont.)	Indirect Cost Rate Agreement – If claiming indirect costs at a federally-approved rate, please provide a copy of the approved indirect cost rate agreement.
Standard Assurances	The Standard Assurances list the requirements to which the Subrecipients will be held accountable. All Applicants will be required to submit a signed, original of the <u>FY 2022 Standard</u> <u>Assurances</u> as part of their FY 2022 HSGP application. The required Standard Assurances can be found only in PDF format on the Cal OES website.
	NOTE: Self-created Standard Assurances will not be accepted.
Operational Areas and Urban Areas	Governing Body Resolution – The GBR appoints AAs (identified by the individual's name or by a position title) to act on behalf of the governing body and the Applicant by executing any actions necessary for each application and subaward. All Applicants are required to submit a copy of an approved GBR with their grant application. Resolutions may be valid for up to three grant years given the following:
	 The resolution identifies the applicable grant program (e.g., EMPG and/or HSGP); The resolution identifies the applicable grant years, (e.g., FY 2021, FY 2022, FY 2023); and Adheres to any necessary elements required by local protocols, rules, etc., if applicable.
	Resolutions that only identify a single grant program will only be valid for that single program. Resolutions that do not identify applicable grant years will only be valid for the grant year in which the resolution was submitted.
	Authorized Agent Information – For each person or position appointed by the governing body, identify the individual in the Authorized Body of 5 ledger of the FMFW.

Operational Areas and Urban Areas (cont.)	All changes in AA and contact information must be provided to Cal OES in writing. If the GBR identifies the AA by name, a new Resolution is needed when changes are made. If the GBR identifies the AA by position and/or title, changes may be made by submitting a request on the entity's letterhead, signed by an existing AA. Cal OES will not accept signatures of an AA's designee, unless authorized by the Governing Body's resolution. A change to an AA's designee must be submitted on agency letterhead and signed by the AA, announcing the change to their designee.
Operational Areas Only	Approval Authority Body – OAs must appoint an Anti-Terrorism Approval Body (Approval Authority) to have final approval of the OA's application for HSGP funds. Each member of the Approval Authority must provide written agreement with the OA's application for HSGP funds. The Approval Authority shall consist of the following representatives, and additional voting members may be added by a simple majority vote of the following standing members:
	 County Public Health Officer or designee responsible for Emergency Medical Services County Fire Chief or Chief of Fire Authority Municipal Fire Chief (selected by the OA Fire Chiefs) County Sheriff Chief of Police (selected by the OA Police Chiefs)
Urban Areas Only	Urban Area Working Groups (UAWGs) – Membership in the UAWG must provide either direct or indirect representation for all relevant jurisdictions and response disciplines (including law enforcement, fire service, EMS, hospitals, public health, and emergency management) that comprise the defined UA. It also must be inclusive of local Citizen Corps Council and tribal representatives. The UAWG should also ensure the integration of local emergency management, public health, and health care systems into a coordinated sustained local capability to respond effectively to a mass casualty incident. Additional group composition criteria is found in the FEMA <u>Preparedness Grants</u> .
	THIRA – Subrecipients are required to submit a THIRA for all 32 core capabilities. Beginning in 2019, UAs are required to submit a THIRA every three years. An annual capability assessment will still be

required.

Urban Areas Only (cont.)	SPR – The SPR is an annual grant requirement for all states, territories, and UAs. It is an annual capability assessment, which helps jurisdictions identify capability gaps and prioritize investment requirements to reach the targets set in their THIRA.
Fusion Centers Only	All fusion center investments must align to, and reference, specific performance areas of the assessment that the funding is intended to support.
	Fusion Centers are also required to follow all Reporting and Administrative Metrics for California Fusion Centers, as set forth in the Governor's Homeland Security Advisor/Cal OES Director's letter dated March 16, 2016. These operational and administrative metrics set forth an integrated and coordinated approach for regular and proactive information and intelligence sharing between all fusion centers in the California State Threat Assessment System (STAS).
State Agencies and Tribes Only	State Agencies, and federally recognized tribes may submit the Signature Authorization Form in lieu of a GBR, signed by the most senior ranking official, such as the Secretary, Director, President, Chancellor, or Chairperson.

Application Submission	FMFW to their Program Repr application is approved, a c with all other application co official signatures, by the ap application process, if it is de be expended by the end of inform a Program Represent completed application show	n electronic copy of their completed esentative for review. After the completed copy of the FMFW, along omponents must be submitted, with oplication due date. During the etermined not all allocated funds can the period of performance, please rative as soon as possible. The uld be received by Cal OES no later he FY 2022 HSGP Timeline, referenced
Late or Incomplete Application	is incomplete, the Program F additional information. Requ applications must be made Representative prior to the c	uests for late submission of
HSGP Contact Information	All Subrecipient application correspondence should be	materials, questions, comments, and directed to:
	California Governor's Office ATTN: Grants Management Homeland Security Grants U 3650 Schriever Avenue Mather, CA 95655	(Building E)
	Darlene Arambula Christopher Camacho Laura Halverstadt Antoinette Johnson Jim Lane Vidal Lopez Abigayle Tirapelle	(916) 845-8427 (916) 845-8789 (916) 845-8899 (916) 845-8260 (916) 845-8428 (916) 845-8744 (916) 845-8400
		e Regional Assignments Map is ebsite under "Regional Assignments".

Subaward	Subrecipients will receive a formal notification of award no later
Approval	than 45 days after Cal OES accepts the federal grant award. The
	award letter must be signed, dated, and returned to Cal OES
	within 20 calendar days. Once the completed application, along
	with the signed award letter, is received and approved,
	reimbursement of eligible subaward expenditures may be
	requested using the Cal OES FMFW.

Payment Request Process	To request an advance or cash reimbursement of HSGP funds, Subrecipients must first complete a payment request using the Cal OES FMFW, returning it to the appropriate Program Representative. Subrecipients who fail to follow the workbook instructions may experience delays in processing the payment request.
	Payments can only be made if the Subrecipient has an approved application.
Advances and Interest Earned on Advances	An Advance payment is a payment that is requested before Subrecipients have disbursed the funds for program purposes. Subrecipients may be paid an advance, provided they maintain a willingness and ability to maintain procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the receipt of funds and their disbursement. The timing and amount of advance payments must be as close as administratively feasible to the actual disbursements by the Subrecipient for project costs.
	Federal rules require advances to be <u>deposited in interest-bearing accounts</u> . Interest earned amounts up to \$500 per year may be retained by Subrecipients for administrative expenses; any additional interest earned on federal advance payments must be returned annually to Cal OES.
Semi-Annual Drawdown Requirements	All Subrecipients must report expenditures and request funds at least semi-annually throughout the period of performance. Semi- annual drawdowns should occur by March and October of each calendar year following final approval of the subaward application, except for the final cash request, which must be submitted within 20 calendar days after the end of the period of performance.
Modifications	Post-award budget and scope modifications must be requested using the <u>Cal OES HSGP FMFW v1.22</u> , signed by the Subrecipient's AA, and submitted to the Program Representative.
	The Subrecipient may implement grant modification activities, and incur associated expenses, only after receiving written final approval of the modification from Cal OES.

Modifications (cont.)	Subrecipients must provide a written justification with all modification requests. The justification may be included in the body of the e-mail transmitting the request, or in a document attached to the transmittal e-mail. Please reference <u>GMM 2018-</u> <u>17</u> for additional information regarding modification requests.
	Modifications to National Priority Projects have additional restrictions as indicated below:
	Modifications which do not change the project scope and do not decrease the overall project budget can be processed via regular modification request.
	Modifications which change the project scope or decrease the overall project budget will require DHS/FEMA approval and must be requested on the <u>National Priority Project Modification Form</u> .
Training	All grant-funded training activities must receive Cal OES approval prior to starting the training event. Cal OES shall allow Subrecipients to develop a "placeholder" for future training conferences when an agenda has not been established at the time Subrecipient applications are due. Please work with a Program Representative and the Training Branch to identify a possible "placeholder" for these types of training activities.
	When seeking approval of non-DHS/FEMA developed courses, course materials must be submitted with the approval requests. Conditional approvals are not offered.
	Subrecipients must complete a <u>Training Request Form</u> and submit it electronically to the Cal OES Training Branch to be approved with a Training Feedback Number before beginning any training activities. This includes project components like travel to, materials for, or attendance in training courses. Training Feedback Numbers should be obtained no later than 30 days before the first day of the training or related activities. Requests that are submitted with less than 30 days prior to the start of the training or activity are not guaranteed to be approved in time and run the risk of training being unallowable. Training Feedback numbers must be included on the FMFW Training Ledger to be considered for reimbursement.
	For more information on this or other training-related inquiries,

contact the <u>Cal OES Training Branch</u> at (805) 594-2500.

Exercises, Improvement Plans, and After- Action Reporting	Subrecipients should engage stakeholders to identify long-term training and exercise priorities. These priorities should address capability targets and gaps identified through the THIRA and SPR process, real-world events, previous exercises, and national areas for improvement identified in the NPR.
	Subrecipients must report on all exercises conducted with HSGP grant funds. An After-Action Report (AAR)/Improvement Plan (IP) or Summary Report (for Seminars and Workshops) must be completed and submitted to Cal OES within 90 days after exercise/seminars/workshops are conducted. It is acceptable to submit an Exercise Summary Report for Seminars and Workshops in lieu of a full AAR/IP.
	Please e-mail AAR/IPs and Summary Reports to:
	 hseep@fema.dhs.gov exercise@caloes.ca.gov christopher.camacho@caloes.ca.gov
	For exercise-related issues and/or questions, please email the Cal OES Exercise Team at <u>exercise@caloes.ca.gov</u> .
	Exercise costs will not be considered for reimbursement until an AAR/IP is received by Cal OES.
Procurement Standards and Written Procedures	Subrecipients must conduct procurement utilizing documented local government procurement standards and procedures, or the federal procurement standards found in <u>2 C.F.R. Part 200</u> , whichever is more strict. Procurement standards must also contain a written conflict of interest policy which reflect applicable federal, state, local, and tribal laws.
Procurement Thresholds	Effective June 20, 2018, the micro-purchase threshold was increased from \$3,500 to \$10,000 and the simplified acquisition threshold was increased from \$150,000 to \$250,000. These increases apply to all Subrecipient procurements executed on or after June 20, 2018. Refer to <u>IB 434</u> for additional information.

Procurement Documentation	Per <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.318(i)</u> , non-federal entities other than states and territories are required to maintain and retain records sufficient to detail the history of procurement covering at least the rationale for the procurement method, contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price. For any cost to be allowable, it must be adequately documented per <u>2 C.F.R. §</u> 200.403(g). Documentation that would cover this information include, but are not limited to:
	 Solicitation documentation, such as requests for quotes, invitations for bids, or requests for proposals; Responses to solicitations, such as quotes, bids, or proposals; Pre-solicitation independent cost estimates and post-solicitation cost/price analyses on file for review by federal personnel, if applicable; Contract documents and amendments, including required contract provisions; and other documents required by federal regulations applicable at the time a grant is awarded to a Subrecipient.
Noncompetitive Procurement	All noncompetitive procurements exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold requires Cal OES prior written approval to be eligible for reimbursement. This method of procurement must be approved by the local Purchasing Agent prior to submitting a request for Cal OES approval. A copy of the Purchasing Agent's approval must be included with the Cal OES <u>Request for</u> <u>Noncompetitive Procurement Authorization</u> form. Cal OES may request additional documentation that supports the procurement effort.
	Cal OES will not reimburse for any noncompetitive procurement contracts for any HSGP terrorism-related training, <u>regardless</u> of the cost of the training. Exceptions to this policy may be approved in limited circumstances, e.g., related to a procurement effort that has resulted in inadequate competition. Please refer to GMM2017-01A and <u>GMM2021-05</u> for additional guidance.
Performance Bond	Due to the risks associated with delays in vendor delivery of large equipment procurements, DHS/FEMA allows Subrecipients to obtain a "performance bond" for items that are paid for up front to ensure delivery of the equipment within the grant performance period.

Performance Bond (cont.)	Cal OES requires Subrecipients obtain a performance bond for any equipment item over \$250,000 or any vehicle, aircraft, or watercraft that has been paid with HSGP funds prior to receiving the final product(s).
	Performance Bond Waivers may be granted on a case-by-case basis and must be submitted to Cal OES prior to procurement.
Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation	DHS/FEMA is required to ensure all activities and programs that are funded by the agency comply with federal Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation (EHP) regulations. Subrecipients proposing projects or activities (including, but not limited to, training, exercises, the installation of equipment, and construction or renovation projects) that have the potential to impact the environment, or a historic structure must participate in the EHP screening process. EHP Screening Memos must include detailed project information, explain the goals and objectives of the proposed project, and include supporting documentation.
	DHS/FEMA may also require the Subrecipient to provide a confidential California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) report in addition to the EHP Screening Form. Determination on the necessity of a CHRIS report is based upon information disclosed on the form. Program Representatives will provide additional instructions should this report be required.
	<u>EHP Screening Requests</u> should be submitted to Cal OES as early as possible. All projects/activities triggering EHP must receive DHS/FEMA written approval prior to commencement of the funded activity.
	Updated information may be referenced in the <u>FEMA GPD EHP</u> <u>Policy Guidance</u> .
Construction and Renovation	When applying for construction activity at the time of application, including communication towers, Subrecipients must submit evidence of approved zoning ordinances, architectural plans, any other locally required planning permits, and a notice of federal interest. Additionally, Subrecipients are required to submit an SF-424C Budget and Budget Detail that cites project costs. Communication tower construction requests also require evidence that the Federal Communications Commission's Section 106 review process was completed.

Construction and Renovation (cont.)	Subrecipients using funds for construction projects must comply with the Davis-Bacon Act. Subrecipients must ensure that their contractors or subcontractors for construction projects pay workers no less than the prevailing wages for laborers and mechanics employed on projects of a character like the contract work in the civil subdivision of the state in which the work is to be performed.
	Project construction using SHSP and UASI funds may not exceed \$1,000,000 or 15% of the grant subaward (For the purposes of limitations on funding levels, communications towers are not considered construction).
	Written approval for construction must be provided by DHS/FEMA prior to the use of any HSGP funds for construction or renovation.
Inventory Control and Property Management	Subrecipients must use standardized resource management concepts for resource typing and credentialing, in addition to maintaining an inventory by which to facilitate the effective identification, dispatch, deployment, tracking, and recovery of resources.
	Subrecipients must have an effective inventory management system, to include:
	 Property records that document description, serial/ID number, fund source, title information, acquisition date, cost, federal cost share, location, use, condition, and ultimate disposition; A physical inventory conducted at least every two years; A control system to prevent loss, damage, and theft of grant purchased equipment and supplies; and Adequate maintenance procedures to keep the property in good condition.
Equipment Disposition	When original or replacement equipment acquired under the HSGP is no longer needed for program activities, the Subrecipient must contact the Program Representative to request disposition instructions. See <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.313(e)</u> .

Performance Reporting	Subrecipients must complete a Biannual Strategic Implementation Report (BSIR) each Winter and Summer using the DHS/FEMA <u>Grants Reporting Tool</u> (GRT) for the duration of the subaward period of performance or until all grant activities are completed and the subaward is formally closed by Cal OES. Failure to submit a BSIR could result in subaward reduction, suspension, or termination.
	Access to the BSIR may be obtained through the GRT.
	To create a new account, please click the link that reads, "Register for an account" and follow the instructions provided. The Subrecipient will be required to ensure up-to-date project information is entered. The Project Ledger in the FMFW may assist with the BSIR data entry process. For additional assistance with the GRT, please contact your Program Representative.
Extension Requests	Extensions to the initial period of performance identified in the subaward will only be considered through formal, written requests to your Program Representative. Upon receipt of the extension request, Cal OES will:
	 Verify compliance with performance reporting requirements by confirming the Subrecipient has submitted all necessary performance reports; Confirm the Subrecipient has provided sufficient justification for the request; and If applicable, confirm the Subrecipient has demonstrated sufficient progress in past situations where an extension was authorized by Cal OES.
	Extension requests will be granted only due to compelling legal, policy, or operational challenges, must be project-specific and will only be considered for the following reasons:
	 Contractual commitments with vendors that prevent completion of the project within the period of performance; The project must undergo a complex environmental review which cannot be completed within this timeframe; Projects are long-term by design and therefore, acceleration would compromise core programmatic goals; and Where other special circumstances exist.

Extension Requests (cont.)	 To be considered, extension requests must be received no later than 60 days prior to the end of the Subrecipient's period of performance and must contain specific and compelling justifications as to why an extension is required. All extension requests must address the following: 1. Grant program, fiscal year, and award number; 2. Reason for delay; 3. Current status of the activity/activities; 4. Approved period of performance termination date and new project completion date; 5. Amount of funds drawn down to date; 6. Remaining available funds, both federal and non-federal; 7. Budget outlining how remaining federal and non-federal funds will be expended; 8. Plan for completion, including milestones and timeframes for each milestone and the position/person responsible for implementing the plan for completion; and 9. Certification the activity/activities will be completed within the extended period of performance without any modification to the original Project Scope.
	General questions regarding extension requirements and the extension request form, should be directed to your Program Representative. For additional information, please see IB 379. Extension requests for personnel and salaries do not meet the requirements of IB 379 and will not be granted. Subrecipients are expected to complete all grant-funded personnel activities by the end of the subaward period of performance.
Progress Reports on Grant Extensions	All Subrecipients that receive Cal OES approval to extend their FY 2022 grant subaward period of performance may be required to submit progress reports indicating completed and future project milestones on all extended projects. Progress reports must be submitted electronically to the Subrecipient's Program Representative. Deadlines for the submission of progress reports will be established at the time of extension approval.
Monitoring	Cal OES Grants Monitoring actively monitors Subrecipients, through day-to-day communications, programmatic site visits, desk, and on-site compliance assessments. The purpose of the compliance assessment is to ensure Subrecipients are in compliance with applicable state and federal regulations, grant guidelines, and programmatic requirements.

Monitoring (cont.)	Monitoring activities may include, but are not limited to:	
	 Verifying entries recorded on the FMFW categories are properly supported with source documentation; Eligibility of and support for expenditures, typically covering two to three years of data; Comparing actual Subrecipient activities to those approved in the grant application and subsequent modifications, including the review of timesheets and invoices as applicable; Procurements and contracts; Ensuring equipment lists are properly maintained and physical inventories are conducted; Ensuring advances have been disbursed in accordance with applicable guidelines; and Confirming compliance with: Standard Assurances, and Information provided on performance reports and payment requests 	
	NOTE : It is the responsibility of all Subrecipients that pass down grant funds to other entities, to maintain and utilize a formal process to monitor the grant activities of their subawards. This requirement includes, but is not limited to, on-site verification of grant activities, as required. It is common for Subrecipients to receive findings in a programmatic site visit or compliance assessment, which require a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) to be submitted by Subrecipients. Those Subrecipients who fail to submit a CAP, as required, shall have a "hold" placed on any future reimbursements until the "finding" is resolved.	
Failure to Submit Required Reports	Periodic reporting is required by the grant. Subrecipients who miss a single reporting deadline may receive a letter addressed to their Board of Supervisors informing them of the failure to report. County OAs and tribes who fail to report twice consecutively may have subsequent awards reduced by 10% until timely reporting is reestablished; UASIs may have a "hold" placed on any future reimbursements.	
Suspension/ Termination	Cal OES may suspend or terminate grant funding, in whole or in part, or other measures may be imposed for any of the following reasons:	

Suspension/ Termination (cont.)	 Failure to submit required reports. Failure to expend funds in a timely manner consistent with the grant milestones, guidance, and assurances. Failure to comply with the requirements or statutory progress toward the goals or objectives of federal or state law. Failure to make satisfactory progress toward the goals or objectives set forth in the Subrecipient application. Failure to follow Grant Subaward requirements or Special Conditions. Proposing or implementing substantial plan changes to the extent that, if originally submitted, the application would not have been selected for funding. False certification in the application or document. Failure to adequately manage, monitor, or direct the grant funding activities of their Subrecipients.
	reasonable notice of intent to impose corrective measures and will make every effort to informally resolve the problem.
Closeout	Cal OES will close-out Subrecipient awards when it determines all applicable administrative actions and all required work of the federal award have been completed.
	Subawards will be closed after:
	 All funds have been requested and reimbursed, or disencumbered; Receiving all applicable Subrecipient reports indicating all approved work has been completed, and all funds have been distributed; Completing a review to confirm the accuracy of reported information; Reconciling actual costs to subawards, modifications, and payments; and Verifying the Subrecipient has submitted a final BSIR showing all grant funds have been expended.
Records Retention	The records retention period is three years from the date of the Cal OES Grant Closeout letter, or until any pending litigation, claim, or audit started before the expiration of the three-year retention period has been resolved and final action is taken.

Records Retention (cont.) For indirect cost rate proposals, cost allocation plans, or other rate computation records, the start of the record retention period is dependent on whether the proposal, plan, or other computation is required to be submitted to the federal government (or to the pass-through entity) for negotiation purposes. See <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.334(f)</u>.

In order for any cost to be allowable, it must be adequately documented per <u>2 C.F.R. § 200.403(g)</u>.

The Cal OES Grant Closeout Letter will notify the Subrecipient of the start of the records retention period for all programmatic and financial grant-related records.

If the State Administrative Agency's award remains open after the Subrecipient's submission of the final BSIR, Cal OES will complete any additional BSIR reporting required under the award on behalf of the Subrecipient.

Closed grants may still be monitored and audited. Failure to maintain all grant records for the required retention period could result in a reduction of grant funds, and an invoice to return costs associated with the unsupported activities.

If documents are retained longer than the required retention period, FEMA, the DHS Office of Inspector General, Government Accountability Office, and pass-through entity have the right to access these records as well. See <u>2 C.F.R. §§ 200.334</u>, <u>200.336</u>.

State Homeland Security Program (SHSP)			
Operational Area	Total Award	Operational Area	Total Award
ALAMEDA	1,650,796	ORANGE	3,091,412
ALPINE	76,144	PLACER	465,163
AMADOR	113,439	PLUMAS	93,069
BUTTE	267,310	RIVERSIDE	2,398,206
CALAVERAS	117,971	SACRAMENTO	1,578,910
COLUSA	90,054	SAN BENITO	137,459
CONTRA COSTA	1,178,218	SAN BERNARDINO	2,161,778
DEL NORTE	100,963	SAN DIEGO	3,210,706
EL DORADO	256,681	SAN FRANCISCO	878,889
FRESNO	1,039,637	SAN JOAQUIN	823,129
GLENN	203,261	SAN LUIS OBISPO	342,776
HUMBOLDT	203,934	SAN MATEO	785,320
IMPERIAL	246,059	SANTA BARBARA	499,634
INYO	93,103	SANTA CLARA	1,882,403
KERN	942,855	SANTA CRUZ	329,270
KINGS	220,013	SHASTA	247,206
LAKE	126,761	SIERRA	78,080
LASSEN	94,530	SISKIYOU	116,808
LOS ANGELES	9,481,458	SOLANO	501,616
MADERA	225,137	SONOMA	671,457
MARIN	320,277	STANISLAUS	599,127
MARIPOSA	91,259	SUTTER	169,573
MENDOCINO	160,849	TEHAMA	137,052
MERCED	346,225	TRINITY	90,284
MODOC	83,289	TULARE	528,108
MONO	87,762	TUOLUMNE	127,742
MONTEREY	488,715	VENTURA	870,206
NAPA	0	YOLO	285,965
NEVADA	171,573	YUBA	148,878
		*Total	41,728,499

*SHSP allocations reflect National Priority Area project adjustments

Fusion Centers	
Region	Total Award
SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA	1,792,050
SACRAMENTO/CENTRAL VALLEY AREA	2,565,000
GREATER LOS ANGELES AREA	2,887,500
SAN DIEGO AREA	2,047,500
ORANGE AREA	835,000
*Total	10,127,050

Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI) *A minimum of 30% of UASI funding must be for Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention			
Urban Area	Federal Allocation to State	Allocation to UASI	State Initiatives
ANAHEIM/SANTA ANA AREA	5,250,000	4,278,750	971,250
BAY AREA	37,049,000	30,194,935	6,854,065
LOS ANGELES/LONG BEACH AREA	67,182,000	54,753,330	12,428,670
RIVERSIDE AREA	3,900,000	3,178,500	721,500
SACRAMENTO AREA	3,800,000	3,097,000	703,000
SAN DIEGO AREA	16,696,000	13,607,240	3,088,760
Total	133,877,000	109,109,755	24,767,245

Attachment B: FY 2022 HSGP Timeline | 2022

DHS/FEMA Announcement of 2022 HSGP	May 13, 2022
Cal OES Application Due to DHS	June 13, 2022
DHS Award to California	September 2022
Subrecipient period of performance begins	September 1, 2022
2022 HSGP California Supplement release	September 2022
Subrecipient Workshops	September 2022
Subrecipient Awards (45 days from DHS award)	October 2022
Subrecipient Final Applications Due to Cal OES	December 31, 2022
Subrecipient period of performance ends	May 31, 2025
Final Cash Requests due to Cal OES	Within twenty (20) calendar days after end of grant
Cal OES's period of performance ends	August 31, 2025

Attachment C: FY 2022 HSGP Application Checklist | 2022

Subrecipient: ______FIPS#: _____FIPS#: _____

Program Representative: _____

Financial Management Forms Workbook:

- □ Grant Award Face Sheet
- \Box Authorized Body of 5
- □ Project Ledger
- □ Planning Ledger
- □ Organization Ledger
- Equipment Ledger
- □ Training Ledger
- \Box Exercise Ledger
- □ Consultant/Contractor Ledger
- □ Management & Administration Ledger
- □ Indirect Cost Ledger
- □ Authorized Agent Sheet

Attachments:

- □ Original Counter-Signed Award Letter
- □ Governing Body Resolution (Certified)
- □ Standard Assurances (Signed Originals)
- □ FFATA Certification
- □ Lobbying Certification
- Subrecipient Grant Management Assessment Form
- □ Indirect Cost Rate Negotiation Agreement
- □ Personnel Cap Waiver (If Applicable)
- □ Intelligence Analyst(s) Certificates (If Applicable)

UASI Only:

- □ UASI Footprint
- □ UAWG Roster

State Agencies and Tribes Only:

□ Signature Authority Form (in lieu of Governing Body Resolution)

	For Cal OES Use Only
Reviewed by:	Date:
Management Approval:	Date:

M&A 5% or <□