Federal Communications Commission Plan

for the

EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM

COMMUNICATION OPERATIONS ORDERS
San Joaquin Valley, CA, FCC Local Area
Revised Aug 23, 2018

This is a part of the State of California and Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Emergency Alert System (EAS) Plan. The following Federal Information Processing Identifier (FIPS) Codes are associated with the San Joaquin Valley (SJV) Local Emergency Communications Committee (LECC) EAS Plan.

LECC Local Area:

County of: FIPS Code:
Madera 06039
Mariposa 06043
Merced 06047
Fresno 06019
Kings 06031
Tulare 06107

Adjoining County: FIPS Code:
Tuolumne 06109
Stanislaus 06099
Santa Clara 06085
San Benito 06069
Monterey 06053
San Luis Obispo 06079
Kern 06029
Inyo 06027
Mono 06051
Communications Operations Order (COO) CA-SJV No. 1: MONITORING PLAN

1.1 The LP1 station is:
   a. KMJ-AM Radio 580 kHz Fresno

1.2 The LP1 station shall monitor:
   a. KCBS-AM Radio 740 kHz San Francisco (PEP)
   b. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Weather Radio (NWR) 162.400 MHz Fresno (Bear Mountain)
   c. California Law Enforcement Radio System (CLERS) 155.710 MHz Coalinga (Joaquin Ridge)
   d. KVPR (LP2) 89.3 MHz Fresno

1.3 The LP2 station is:
   a. KVPR-FM Radio 89.3 MHz Fresno

1.4 The LP2 station shall monitor:
   a. KMJ-AM Radio 580 kHz Fresno
   b. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Weather Radio (NWR) 162.400 MHz Fresno (Bear Mountain)

1.5 All LP stations and Cable TV (CATV) control points must monitor the following:
   a. KMJ-AM Radio 580 kHz Fresno
   b. KVPR-FM Radio 89.3 MHz Fresno

   Note: KMJ-FM 105.9 may be substituted for KMJ-AM 580 as long as KMJ-FM remains a full simulcast.

1.6 All JP stations are encouraged to monitor: The National Weather Service 162.400 MHz

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Communications Operations Order CA-SJV No. 2:

EVENT CODES

In addition to the Event Codes required to be carried by the Federal Communications Commission, the following Event Codes shall be carried by all participants in the San Joaquin Valley, CA, Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Local Area.

2.1 All stations shall carry:

- RMT Required Monthly Test
- CEM Civil Emergency Message
- EVI Evacuation Immediate
- TOR Tornado Warning
- FFW Flash Flood Warning
- SVR Severe Thunderstorm Warning
- LEW Law Enforcement Warning
- IPAWS Integrated Public Alert and Warning System
- SPW Shelter In-Place Warning

2.2 Stations may carry (voluntary recommendations):

- HWW High Wind Warning
- TOA Tornado Watch
- FLW Flood Warning
- WSW Winter Storm Warning
- CAE Child Abduction Emergency
- BLU Blue Alert Warning*

*effective January 19, 2019

Below are other codes not to be relayed by broadcast stations under any circumstances. Their purpose is for tests, drills, and verification of proper equipment operation with the entities that monitor such sources:

- RWT Required Weekly Test
- OMO Practice/Demonstration Warning
- ADM Administrative Message

2.3 The NWS shall be the initiator of the EAS weather-related event codes except in those cases where the NWS requests back-up EAS activation or is otherwise out-of-contact with emergency management for an unspecified reason. FCC Local Area governments or LP stations may call the following neighboring NWS offices for further information in regard to weather events if they need further information (NOTE: These are Restricted telephone numbers):

a. NWS Sacramento at 916-979-3049;

b. NWS San Francisco Bay Area/Monterey, CA, at 831-656-1718; or,

c. NWS Los Angeles at Oxnard, CA, at 805-988-6618.

* * * * *

San Joaquin Valley  FCC Local Area  EAS Plan August 23, 2018
3.1 All National Weather Service WARNING messages and EAS ACTIVATION REQUESTED messages shall be transmitted over NWR KIH-62, transmitting at 162.40 MHz.

3.2 LP1 station is required to monitor 162.40 MHz (NWR KIH-62) serving the San Joaquin Valley area of responsibility.

3.3 The NWR transmitter format for Alert Requests is:
   a. The digital header repeated three (3) times;
   b. The NWR receiver alert tone;
   c. The EAS attention signal;
   d. The audio message; and
   e. The digital End-Of-Message (EOM) repeated three times.

3.4 No verbal message can ever exceed 120 seconds due to the recording limitation of EAS decoders. The NWS is aware that broadcast stations will be more likely to respond to Alert requests if messages are kept as short as possible. The LECC recommends that all audio messages for EAS activation requests should ideally run no longer than 45 seconds, and will hopefully be closer to 30 seconds.

3.5 If the NWR transmitter is off the air, NWS San Joaquin Valley, Hanford, CA:
   a. The NWS will telephone the LP1 station, KMJ-AM Radio, at:
      (559) 490-6050, or
      (559) 490-6049.

3.6 NWS Emergency Procedure:
   1. The NWS Meteorologist or Hydro-Meteorological Technician (HMT) will identify as "This is (name/title) with the National Weather Service in Hanford." He/She will state the reason the Emergency Alert System is being activated and will be prepared to authenticate in accordance with COO No. 6 if so asked.

   2. The broadcast station shall be prepared to immediately record the message. The NWS meteorologist/HMT may be asked for a recording level. To accomplish this, say, "Level level level level level" at the same tone and volume to be used in recording the message.
3. Upon receiving the go-ahead, the NWS employee shall say:

"5, 4, 3, 2, 1. This is the National Weather Service Office in Hanford requesting activation of the Emergency Alert System by all broadcasters for a (NATURE OF THE WARNING).

MESSAGE TEXT (Target 30-45 Seconds)

This concludes this Emergency Alert System message from the National Weather Service."

4. Note: The Meteorologist or HMT should remain silent at the end of the message until the person doing the recording comes back on the line. If there is a problem with the recording process, or the Lead Meteorologist deems it’s necessary, repeat the recording process.

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Communications Operations Order CA-SJV No. 4:
LP1/LP2 Stations Only: How to Activate and Transmit a Local Broadcast

4.1 Message relay from codes decoded from EAS decoders:

4.1.1 If the event code coincides with mandatory codes shown on COO #2, Section 2.1, the LP1 station shall relay the alert as soon as possible using the posted instructions for their respective EAS encoder.

4.1.2 Any event code listed in COO #2, Section 2.2, may be broadcast at the discretion of the station with the understanding that emergency alert information declines rapidly in value to the public as seconds pass by.

4.2 From calls received via telephone to the station hot line number:

NOTE: Radio or digital transmissions received from the National Weather Service, another EAS station, local, state, or Federal government do not require authentication

#1) The telephone call will come from the National Weather Service, a county sheriff’s office or emergency manager, California Highway Patrol, or from a government or NWS official from this or an adjacent FCC Local Area who is authorized to initiate a request.

#2) Transfer the call to the recording station for EAS. Start the recorder. Ask the caller to recite their authorization code (See COO #7). Set the level on the recorder based on the level determined during the validation procedure, or from a subsequent level check.

#3) Tell the caller to count down and go. Supervise the recording process. Listen for quality assurance and for mistakes. Stop recording when the caller's outcue says, "This concludes this Emergency Alert System activation request from (name of the agency) in (location)."

#4) Inform the caller if a retake is needed or, if all is OK.

#5) Program the EAS terminal with the appropriate FIPS delivery and event codes per the station's posted instructions to activate from a phone call.

#6) Cue up the recorded message (if on external recorder) for broadcast.

#7) Fade out the program in progress. Play or live announce:
"We interrupt this program to activate the Emergency Alert System for the San Joaquin Valley area."
#8) Activate the EAS encoder. Play the recorded message. Play or read the following after the message outcue and EOM digital bursts:

"This concludes the Emergency Alert System programming. All broadcast stations and cable systems can now resume normal programming."

#9) Resume normal broadcasting. Repeat the highlights of the warning every 5 to 10 minutes, if possible, during the period of the warning. Do not editorialize or comment on the incident as it may be construed as an official announcement.

#10) Log the alert per your stations posted instructions. All EAS alert broadcasts must be reported to the FCC in Washington, D.C. so that you may receive credit.

4.3 Any broadcast station may activate the EAS and read the requested message upon receipt of any EAS message through their EAS decoders marked "ACTIVATION REQUESTED" bulletin from the National Weather Service or county official without delay or additional notification, authorization, or permission.

4.4 All news and program personnel shall be trained both as to the means and need to place EAS alert requests on the air without delay.

4.5 On-air personnel shall not ad-lib, interpret, abbreviate, or alter any EAS test or EAS alert requests message.

4.6 Tests or alert requests shall NOT be set to music, sung, include music, or receive enhancement or alteration by means of echo, delay, or other types of signal processing or production aids that could drastically alter the meaning or immediacy of the message.

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5.1 IF YOU DO NOT HAVE AN FCC TYPE-ACCEPTED EAS TERMINAL AND MUST USE THE TELEPHONE:

5.1.1 Write the WARNING message as you wish it specifically to be broadcast by all AM and FM radio stations, television and Cable TV broadcasters in the San Joaquin Valley FCC Local Area Emergency Alert System plan. If relaying to either the LP1 or LP2 broadcast stations, read the bulletin as if you are the announcer.

5.1.1.1 Contact the LP1 station, KMJ-AM Radio at:
   559-490-6049 or,
   559-490-6050.

5.1.1.2 If the LP1 station cannot be contacted, contact the LP2 station, KVPR-FM at:
   559-862-2480 or,
   559-862-2481.

5.1.2 Designated county officials use the following format to activate the EAS:

   "This is (name/title) of (organization). I request that the Emergency Alert System be activated because of (description of the emergency)."

5.1.3 Be prepared to authenticate at this point. See COO #7.

5.1.4 The station, preparing to record the message immediately, will give the authorized county employee notice that they are ready to begin recording. The station should ask for an audio level check prior to recording. The words, "Level, level, level, level, level," should be spoken by the authorized county employee at the same level to be used when the message is read. The EAS message text should be preceded with a countdown.

   "5 - 4 - 3 - 2 - 1. This is (name/title) of (organization). We are requesting that the Emergency Alert System be activated for a (nature of the request).

   MESSAGE TEXT (30 to 45 Seconds)

   This concludes this Emergency Alert System from the (named County/official department)."
Note: The authorized county employee should remain silent at the end of the message until the person doing the recording comes back on the phone line. If there is a problem with the recording process, the caller, or the recording technician deems it necessary, repeat the recording process.

5.1.5 Emergency Digital Information System (EDIS): The message text shall be loaded as soon as possible onto EDIS. Text via EDIS is required by television stations and other agencies to assist in the warning and emergency public information (EPI) process.

5.2 IF (in the unlikely circumstances) YOU HAVE AN FCC TYPE-ACCEPTED EAS TERMINAL CONNECTED TO CLERS (California Law Enforcement Radio System):

Agencies and/or officials, specified in COO #6 are authorized to activate the Emergency Alert System in this manner. All county personnel likely to activate the EAS shall be trained both as to the means and need to place EAS alert requests on the air without delay. The CLERS method of activating the EAST is preferred over the telephone method because it can reach many EAST receiver-decoders at the same time.

5.2.1 Designated county officials use the following format to activate the EAS:

"This is (name/title) of (organization). The Emergency Alert System is being activated because of a (description of the emergency and any further text desired)."

5.2.2 Remember that no verbal message can ever exceed 120 seconds due to the recording limitation of EAS decoders. The LECC recommends that all audio messages for EAS activation requests should ideally run no longer than 45 seconds, and will hopefully be closer to 30 seconds.

5.2.3 End the warning message with the following script:

"This concludes this Emergency Alert System activation request from (name of the agency) in (location)."

5.2.4 Program the EAS terminal with the appropriate FIPS delivery and event codes per the county’s posted instructions to activate the EAS.

5.2.5 Log the EAS activation time and event.
5.3 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

- If the requested message to be broadcasted is not *law enforcement related* and if the LP1 broadcast station or if the LP1 broadcast station is not available for relaying an EAS message, the NWS office in Hanford, CA, can be used to activate the EAS on behalf of local governments in the San Joaquin Valley FCC Local Area.

- If the requested message to be relayed *is Law enforcement related*, e.g. AMBER product, then call the CHP Emergency Notification and Tactical Alert Center (ENTAC) to activate the EAS on behalf of the local governments in the San Joaquin Valley FCC Local Area (See COO #6).

5.3.1 Write the WARNING message to be relayed to the broadcast and cable TV media in the San Joaquin Valley FCC Local Area. Unlike the capabilities of the LP stations, the message will need to be dictated to the NWS or CHP for their broadcasts.

5.3.1.1 Call the NWS San Joaquin Valley Office at Hanford, CA, at the following Administratively Restricted numbers: 559-584-9051.

5.3.1.2 Call the CHP ENTAC at Sacramento, CA, at the following Administratively Restricted number: 916-657-8287.

5.3.2 Designated officials use the following or similar format to aid identification and activation of the EAS through the NWS:

"This is (name/title) of (organization). I request that the National Weather Service use NOAA Weather Radio to activate the Emergency Alert System because of (description of the emergency)."

5.3.2.1 Specify to the NWS the appropriate FIPS delivery and event codes, and area to be warned, for the programming of the NWS Specific Area Message Encoder.

5.3.3 Designated officials use a similar format to that listed in 5.3.2 in requesting activation and dissemination of EAS product information through the CHP ENTAC.

5.3.3.1 Specify to the CHP the wording and areal coverage desired for any activation of the EAS.

5.3.4 Be prepared to authenticate if so requested. (See COO #7).

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Communications Operations Order CA-SJV No. 6: 

California Highway Patrol

6.1 The California Highway Patrol (CHP) participates in the FCC San Joaquin Valley Local Area in one of two ways:

#1) As an authorizing entity of any state-originated EAS bulletin; or,

#2) As a disseminator of any locally authorized EAS bulletin.

6.2 Through state mandate, the CHP shall activate as an authorizing entity of the EAS when directed by the California State Governor’s Office in accordance with the rules and requirements established by the state of California in regard to the EAS.

6.3 As authorized by any county Emergency Manager (or their designated officials) request, the CHP Emergency Notification and Tactical Alert Center (ENTAC) shall activate the EAS. CHP ENTAC, in this case, is not the authorizing entity but acts in the role of disseminator only. In order to activate the EAS, the CHP:

6.3.1 Shall distribute the information under the appropriate EAS header; and,

6.3.2 Assist the county in determining what area coverage is desired for the EAS bulletin, i.e., local, regional, and/or state.

6.3.3 The CHP has authority as an authorizing entity to activate the SJV EAS through a Law Enforcement Warning (LEW).

A) CHP LEW issuance is based on a combination of both of the following:

1. Severely Reduced Visibility (below 200 feet), occurring along a major freeway, such as Interstate 5 or State Route 99; and,

2. At the discretion of on-duty officer, an LEW may be issued when conditions are conducive to severe traffic situations such as major pileups and are an immediate threat to human life.

B) The CHP may authorize dissemination through either the CHP ENTAC as listed below, or the NWS office in Hanford. Information should be included in the LEW for motorists to avoid certain roadways that are an immediate danger.

6.4 The CHP ENTAC can be contacted in Sacramento, CA at the following Administratively Restricted phone number: 916-657-8287.

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Communications Operations Order CA-SJV No.7: Authentication Procedure and Codes

7.1 Upon receipt of a request for activation of the EAS for the San Joaquin Valley, the NWS, LP stations, and authorized county officials may call back the party requesting activation for additional verification or for more details before such an EAS activation is carried out.

7.2 Any parties receiving a request to activate the Emergency Alert System shall use the following verification system of QUERY/RESPONSE for backup purposes among FCC San Joaquin Valley Local Area county officials, NWS and media:

CONFIDENTIAL I EYES ONLY --- EAS OFFICIALS

When one party says: The other party responds with:
RED WAGON
BLUE BICYCLE
YELLOW AIRPLANE
GREEN TRUCK

7.3 Designated Officials Authorized to Activate the San Joaquin Valley Emergency Alert System:

National Weather Service Forecaster-In-Charge
Fresno County Sheriffs Watch Commander or designated official
Kings County Sheriffs Watch Commander or designated official
Madera County Sheriffs Watch Commander or designated official
Mariposa County Sheriffs Watch Commander or designated official
Merced County Sheriffs Watch Commander or designated official
Tulare County Sheriffs Watch Commander or designated official

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8.1 The Required Weekly Test, Event Code RWT, is to be conducted by all entities having access into the SJV FCC Local Area EAS as a means of proficiency and system checks.

8.2 The Required Weekly Test in this FCC Local Area shall be conducted as follows:

8.2.1 National Weather Service:
Every Wednesday between the hours of 11:00 AM and Noon LT. This EAS RWT message also concurrently activates the Warning Tone Alarm feature of the NOAA Weather Radio system.

8.2.2 Radio / Television / and Cable Media:
A Required Weekly Test will be done in accordance with and per FCC requirements and rules in regard to the EAS RWT product.

8.2.3 County Emergency Management:
[By means of Sheriff Watch Commander/Dispatch for those counties possessing EAS encoding equipment] Each county will adhere to local policy.

8.2.4 California Highway Patrol:

***Initiating Office and Time to be determined and placed here***

8.3 The Routine Weekly Test is a log only event code. It should take less than 45 seconds to perform and is distributed to the media EAS entry points.

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Communications Operations Order CA-SJV No.9: Required Monthly Test (RMT) and Coordination Meetings

9.1 The Coordinated Monthly Test, Event Code RMT, is required to be carried by all broadcast stations and CATV firms. It may not be delayed more than 60 minutes following receipt. [Reference: FCC Part 11.61(a) (1)].

9.2 The Required Monthly Test in this FCC Local Area is conducted:

9.2.1 DAY TIME (NWS Hanford):
The SECOND TUESDAY of the odd-numbered months at 10:45 AM Local Time (LT) and initiated by the NWS through NWR KIH-62 at 162.400 MHz.

9.2.2 NIGHT TIME (KVPR-FM):
The SECOND TUESDAY of even-numbered months at 5:19 AM LT and initiated by the LP2 station, KVPR-FM at 89.3 MHz.

9.3 The Required Monthly Test should take less than 45 seconds. The text is mostly comprised of:

“This is the coordinated monthly test of the broadcast stations and cable television companies serving Mariposa, Merced, Madera, Fresno, Kings, and Tulare Counties. Equipment that can warn you of a life-threatening emergency is being tested. If this had been an actual emergency such as severe weather, a 9-1-1 system failure, or other life threatening condition, an official message would have followed the alert tone. This concludes this test of the Emergency Alert System.”

Television stations and CATV firms shall display this message in clear text in addition to the audio message.

9.4 The State Emergency Operations Center or an alternate transmits a monthly test that may be carried by any station in addition to any station’s weekly test (Event Code, RWT) or in lieu of its weekly test, but never in place of a FCC Local Area’s Required Monthly Test (Event Code, RMT). The State test is transmitted on the first Tuesday of every month at about 10:15 AM LT for rebroadcast by any station within a one (1) hour window.

9.5 The Local Emergency Communications (EAS) Committee shall meet as needed for the purpose of discussing any needed revisions in the San Joaquin Valley FCC Local Area EAS Communications Operations Orders, including any changes in authentication procedures.

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San Joaquin Valley FCC Local Area EAS Plan August 23, 2018
SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY (CA) FCC OPERATIONAL AREA EAS PLAN
SIGNATURES OF CONCURRENCE AND APPROVAL

Required Local Approvals

[Signature & Date]
Jaime Gonzalez, Co-Chairman
Local Emergency Communications Committee
San Joaquin Valley (CA) FCC Local Area

[Signature & Date]
Joe Moore, Co-Chairman
Local Emergency Communications Committee
San Joaquin Valley (CA) FCC Local Area

Required State and Federal Approval

[Signature & Date]
Jim Gabbert, EAS Chair
California State Emergency Communications Committee

[Signature & Date]
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C.  20554